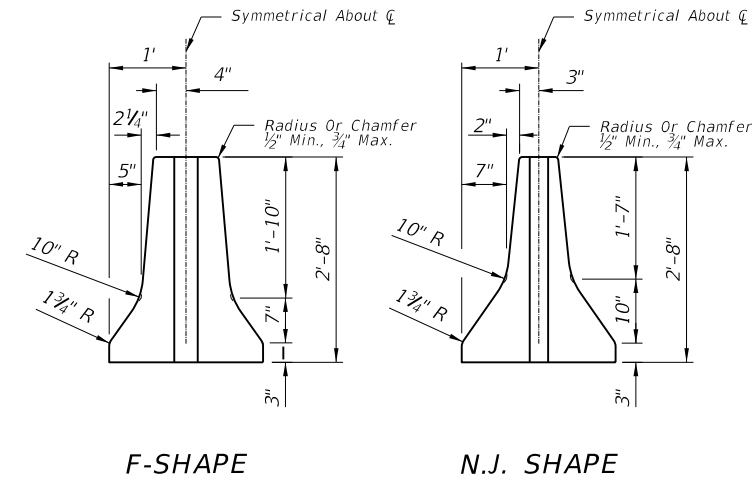
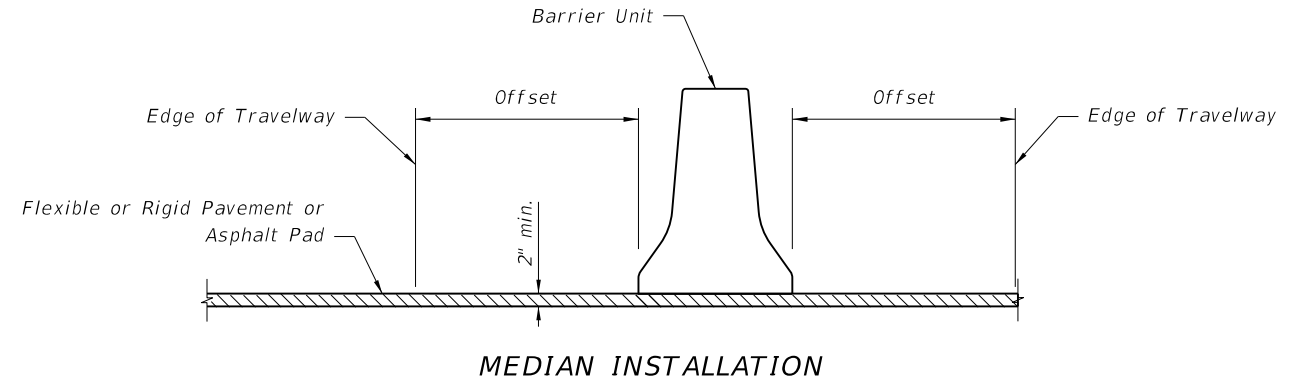


GENERAL NOTES

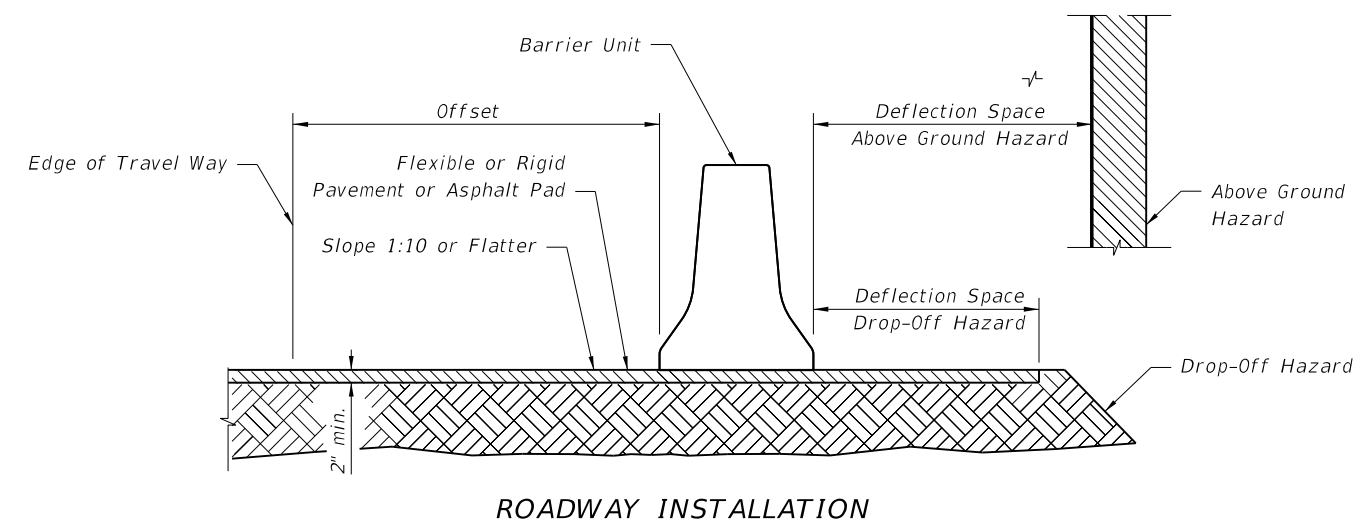
1. Temporary concrete barrier systems on roadways may be any of the following:
 - a. The FDOT Type K Temporary Concrete Barrier system (Design Standard Index 414). F-Shape Units. For temporary concrete barrier systems on bridges see Design Standard Index No. 414.
 - b. Proprietary temporary concrete barrier systems meeting NCHRP Report 350 Test Level 3 criteria which are included on the Qualified Products List.
2. Barrier units of dissimilar types may be interconnected within a single line barriers using transition units.
3. Alignment, length of need, anchorage and end treatment shall be in accordance with this Index.
4. Temporary concrete barrier units shown herein shall not be used for permanent barrier wall construction regardless of unit length.
5. If the plans specify Barrier (Temporary) (Type K), substitution with other barrier types is not permitted.
6. If the plans specify temporary concrete barrier system, substitution with water filled barriers is not permitted.
7. Where existing pavement is not present, construct an Asphalt Pad using Miscellaneous Asphalt Pavement. Cost of the Asphalt Pad to be included in the cost of the Barrier system.
8. Type C Steady-Burn Lights are to be mounted on top of temporary concrete barriers that are used as barriers along traveled ways in work zones. The lights are to be spaced at 50' centers in transitions, 100' centers on curves and 200' centers on tangent roadways. For additional information refer to Index 600.
9. Barrier units used for work zone traffic control and other temporary applications shall be paid for under the contract unit price for Barrier (Temporary), LF. Type C Steady-Burn Lights shall be paid for under the contract unit price for Lights, Temporary, Barrier Mount (Steady-Burn), ED.
10. Deflection space shall be clear of any construction debris, stockpiled materials, equipment, and objects.



END VIEWS
 REINFORCEMENT AND OTHER UNIT FABRICATION DETAILS NOT SHOWN.
PERMITTED BARRIER UNIT END VIEWS



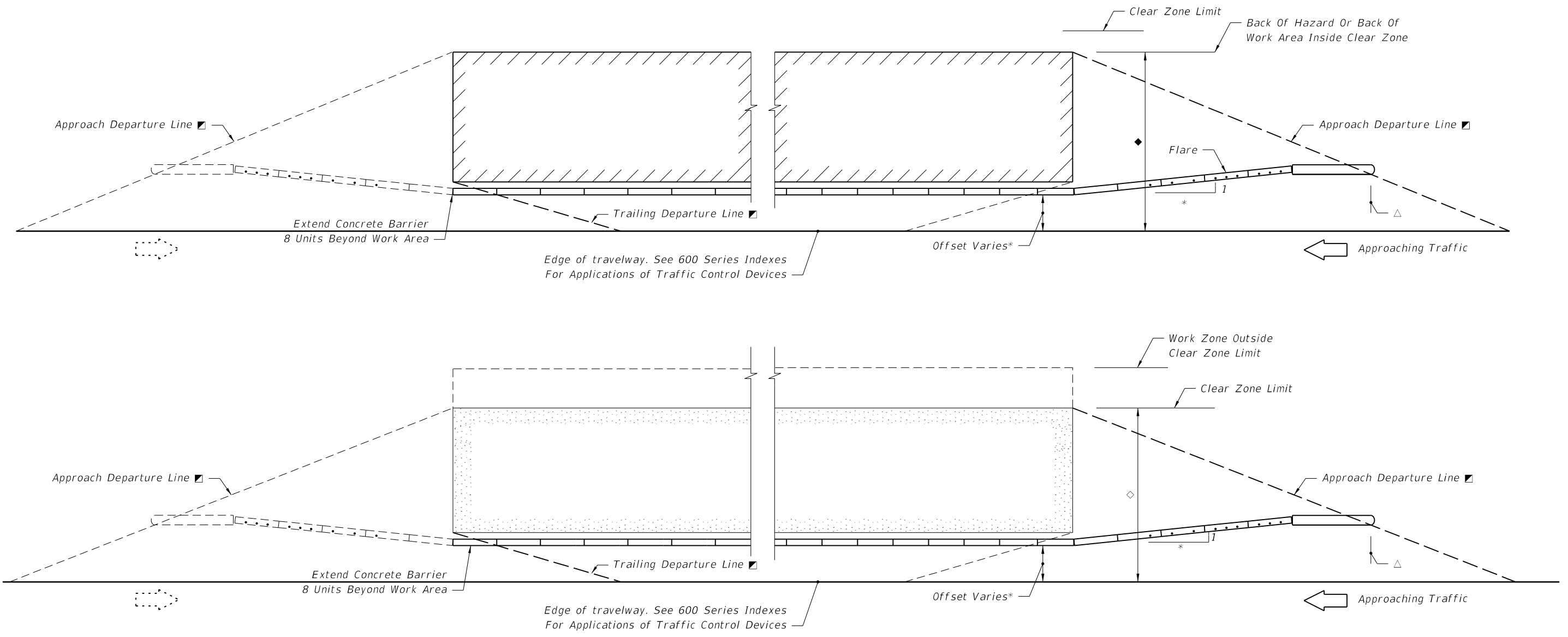
MEDIAN INSTALLATION



ROADWAY INSTALLATION

| OFFSET AND DEFLECTION SPACE REQUIREMENTS | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Installation | Shielding | Work Zone Speed | Offset to Travelway | Deflection Space |
| Right Shoulder | Above Ground Hazards | 45 mph or Less | 1' min, 2' preferred | 2' min. |
| | | 50 mph and Greater | 2' min, 4' preferred | 4' min. |
| | Drop-Off Hazards | 45 mph or Less | 1' min, 2' preferred | 2' min. |
| | | 50 mph and Greater | | |
| | | a. Drop-offs 4' or Less and NO traffic below | 2' min, 4' preferred | 2' min. |
| b. All drop-off conditions other than 'a' | 2' min, 4' preferred | 4' min. | | |
| Separating Traffic | Adjacent Opposing Traffic | 45 mph or Less | 1' min, 2' preferred | 1' min., 2' preferred |
| | | 50 mph and Greater | 2' min, 4' preferred | 2' min., 4' preferred |

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△ The approach departure line location is determined by the line intersect with the back of the hazard or the area to be shielded, however the intersect offset distance is not to be beyond the clear zone limit. The trailing departure line is determined by the line intersect with the front of the downstream end of the hazard or the area to be shielded.

The length of barrier wall need is the distance from the approach departure line intersect with the upstream toe of the temporary concrete barrier wall to the trailing departure line intersect with the downstream toe of the temporary concrete barrier wall.

Where temporary concrete barrier wall Temporary concrete barrier wall end units shall be located at or outside the clear zone or shielded by other structure, earth embedment or a crash cushion.

Proprietary redirective crash cushions designed for use with temporary concrete barriers have the beginning length of need and departure line intersect point indicated on the respective QPL drawing for each proprietary crash cushion. Where redirective crash cushions are located on the departure line by their length of need reference point, the wall upstream end unit must be aligned with the crash cushion, and the wall's end unit secured with bolts or stakes. See Sheets 3 through 6 for configurations requiring end unit anchorage.

* The wall offset from the near traffic lane, wall flare rate and wall flare length are to be in conformance with the alignment called for in the plans and the alignments called for by Department Design Standards specified in the plans; in absence of either plan requirement, the offset shall be as determined by the Engineer, and, unless other flare rates are approved by the Engineer the flare rates to be applied are 1:10 or flatter for speeds ≤ 45 mph and 1:15 or flatter for speeds ≥ 50 mph; see Index No. 642 for other flare rates on freeway facilities.

The surface cross slope approaching the barrier wall and continuing across the required deflection space shall not exceed a rate of 1 vertical: 10 horizontal.

- Departure Rates
 - 1:16 For Speeds ≤ 45 mph
 - 1:13 For Speeds ≥ 50 mph

◆ Area Shielded When Work Zone Hazards Or The Work Area Occupy Space Less Than Clear Zone Width

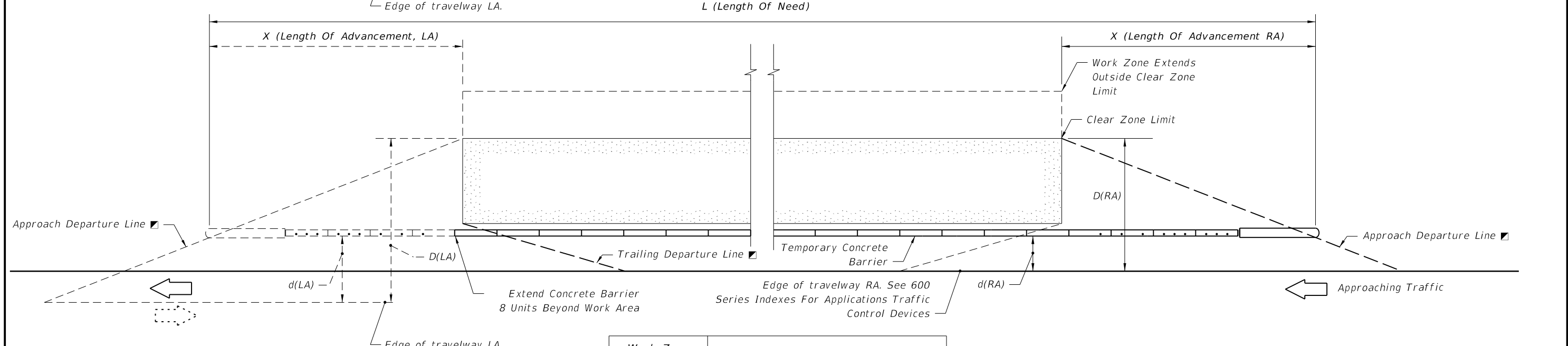
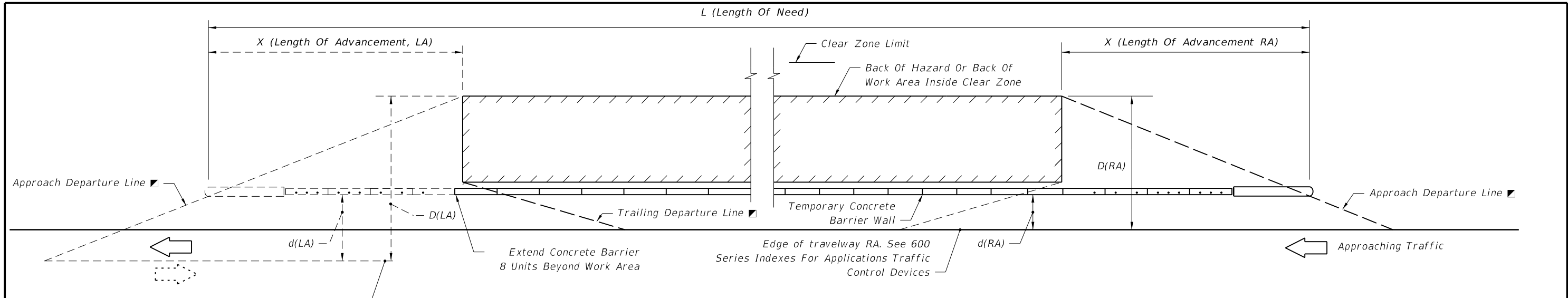
◇ Area Shielded When Work Zone Hazards Or The Work Area Extend To Or Beyond Clear Zone Limit

● Dot Indicates Number And Position Of Bolts Or Stakes

ALIGNMENT AND LENGTH OF NEED

| | | | | | | |
|---------------|----------|--------------|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| LAST REVISION | REVISION | DESCRIPTION: |  FDOT DESIGN STANDARDS 2013 | TEMPORARY CONCRETE BARRIER | INDEX NO. 415 | SHEET NO. 2 |
| 01/01/12 | | | | | | |

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CLEAR ZONE WIDTHS FOR WORK ZONES

The term 'clear zone' describes the unobstructed relatively flat area, impacted by construction, extending outward from the edge of the traffic lane. The table below gives clear zone widths in work zones for medians and roadside conditions other than for roadside canals; where roadside canals are present, clear zone widths are to conform with the distances to canals as described in Volume I, Chapter 4, Section 4.2 and Exhibit 4-A and 4-B of the Plans Preparation Manual.

| CLEAR ZONE WIDTHS FOR WORK ZONES | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| WORK ZONE SPEED (MPH) | TRAVEL LANES & MULTILANE RAMPS (feet) | AUXILIARY LANES & SINGLE LANE RAMPS (feet) |
| 60-70 | 30 | 18 |
| 55 | 24 | 14 |
| 45-50 | 18 | 10 |
| 30-40 | 14 | 10 |
| ALL SPEEDS CURB & GUTTER | 4' BEHIND FACE OF CURB | 4' BEHIND FACE OF CURB |

| Work Zone Speed (mph) | X (Length Of Advancement) Ft. |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| ≤45 | = 16 (D-d) |
| ≥50 | = 13 (D-d) |

LEGEND

LA : Left Approach
RA : Right Approach

Departure Rates
1:16 For Speeds ≤ 45 mph
1:13 For Speeds ≥ 50 mph

Area Shielded When Work Zone Hazards Or The Work Area Occupy Space Less Than Clear Zone Width

Area Shielded When Work Zone Hazards Or The Work Area Extend To Or Beyond Clear Zone Limit

Dot Indicates Number And Position Of Bolts Or Stakes

Equation Variables:

L=(Length of Need) = The distance a longitudinal barrier must be extended in advance of an area of concern in order to adequately shield the hazard.

X=(Length of advancement) = The distance a longitudinal barrier must be extended in advance of an area of concern in order to adequately shield the hazard

D(RA), D(LA) = Distance in feet from the near edge of the travel way to the back of the hazard or the clear zone limit, which ever is less

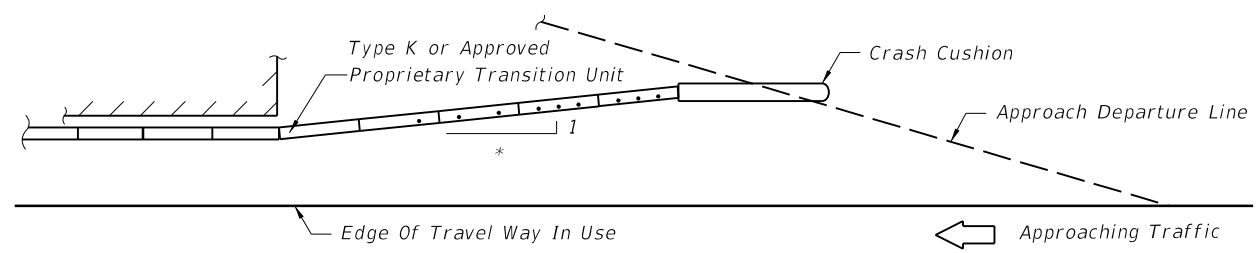
d(RA), d(LA) = Distance in feet from the near edge of the travel way to the face of the Barrier

Departure line = A line extending from the Point of Departure to the back of a hazard or clear zone. The point at which a barrier intersects the departure line establishes the beginning of both the Length of Need and the Length of Advancement.

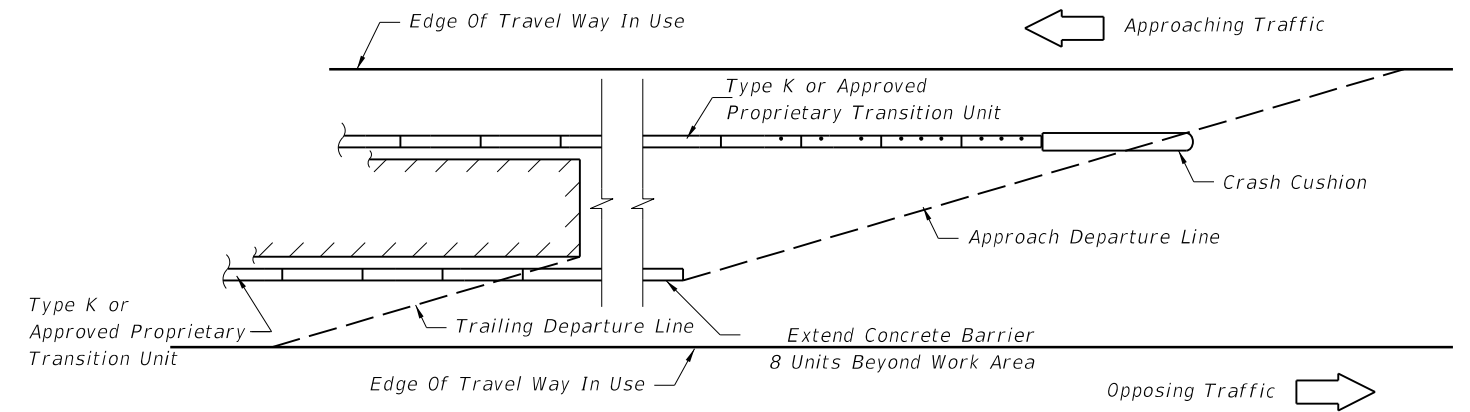
STRAIGHT ALIGNMENT AND LENGTH OF NEED

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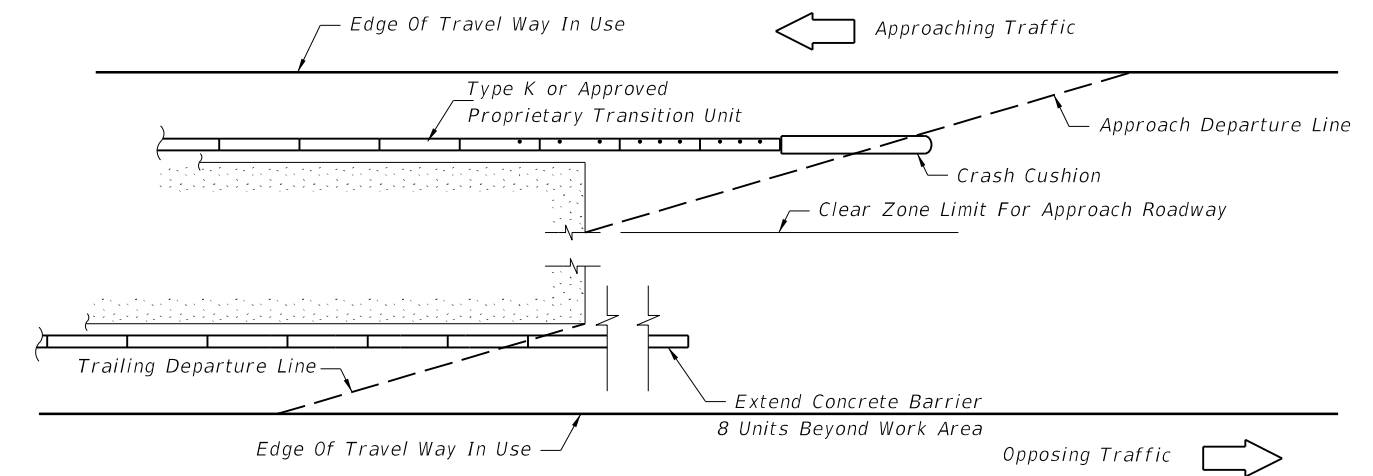
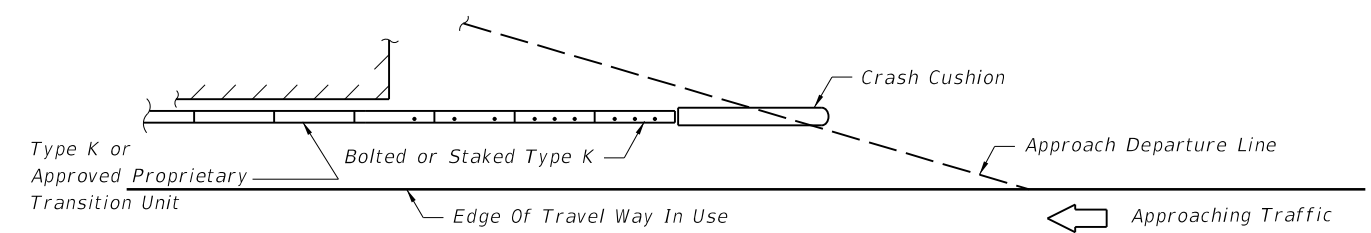
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* Flare rates to be applied are 1:10 or flatter for speeds ≤ 45 mph and 1:15 or flatter for speeds ≥ 50 mph



MEDIAN HAZARDS WITHIN CLEAR ZONES BOTH ROADWAYS

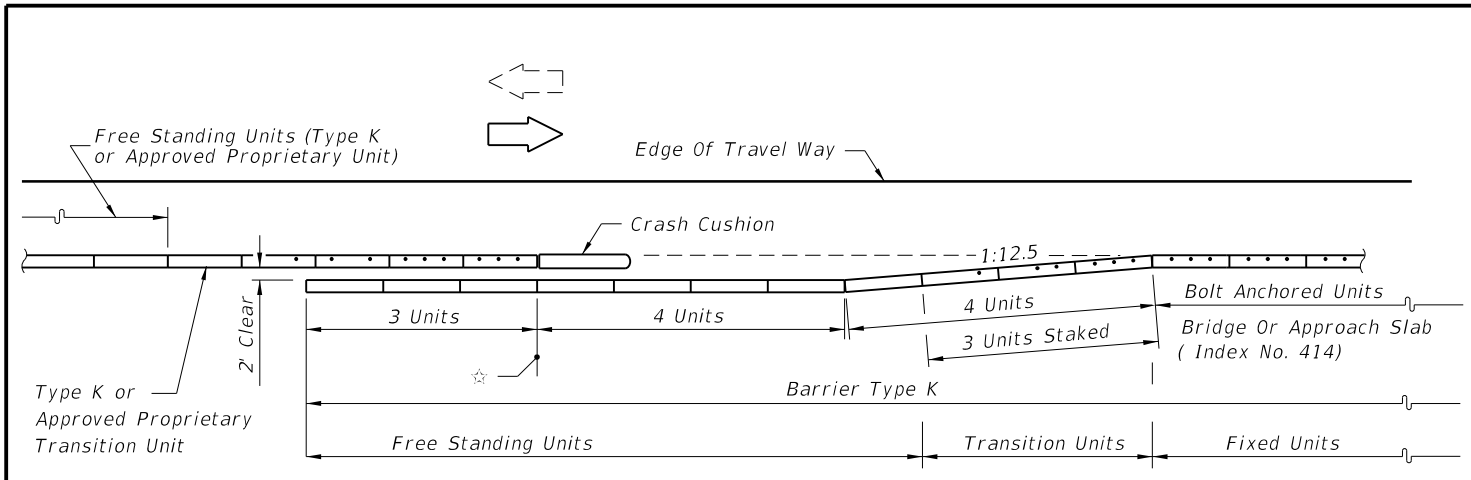


MEDIAN HAZARDS EXTENDS TO OR BEYOND CLEAR ZONES BOTH ROADWAYS

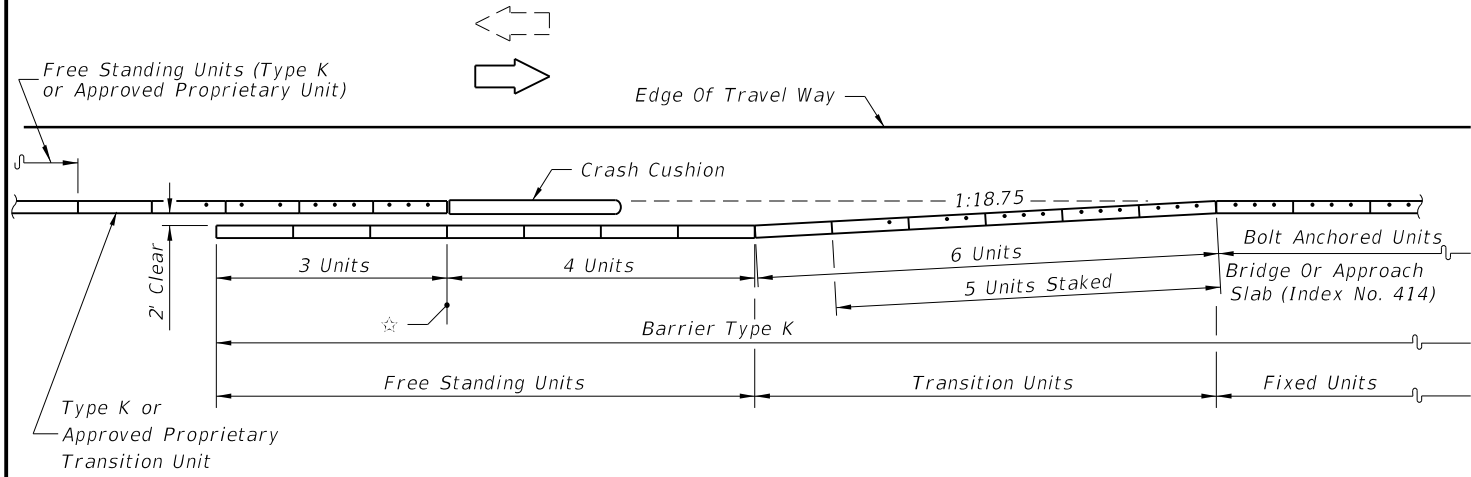
LEGEND
 Dot Indicates Number And Position Of Bolts Or Stakes

BARRIER END UNIT ANCHORAGE

| | | | | | | | |
|---------------|----------|--------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| LAST REVISION | REVISION | DESCRIPTION: | | FDOT DESIGN STANDARDS 2013 | TEMPORARY CONCRETE BARRIER | INDEX NO. | SHEET NO. |
| 07/01/12 | | | | | | 415 | 4 |



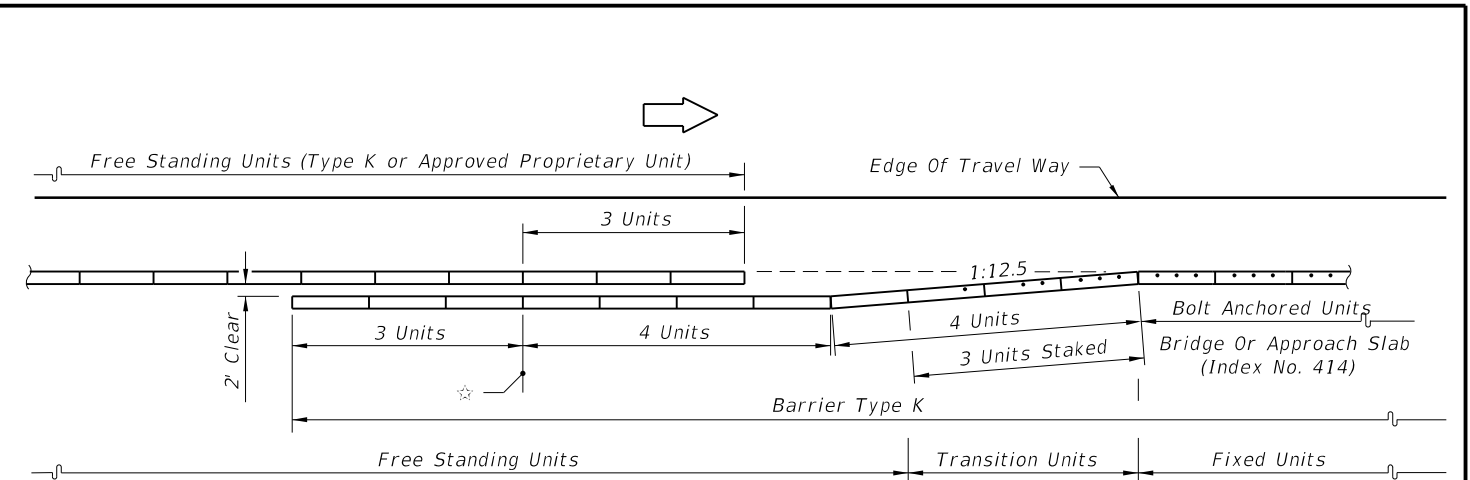
45 MPH OR LESS



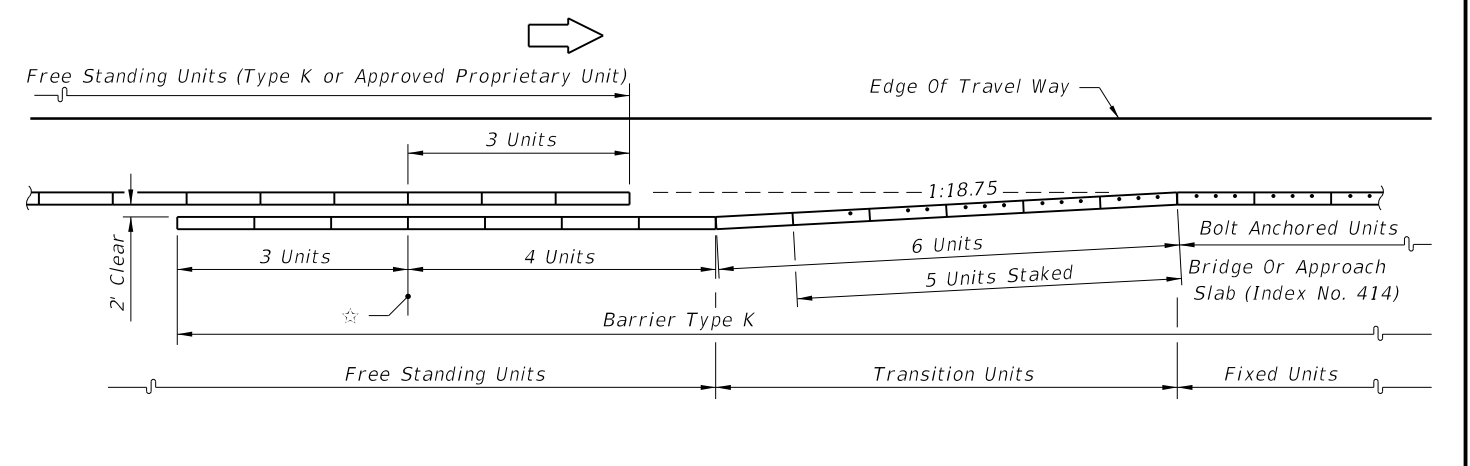
50 MPH OR GREATER

☆ Overlap Reference Line

APPROACH SHOULDER BARRIER ON UNDIVIDED FACILITIES

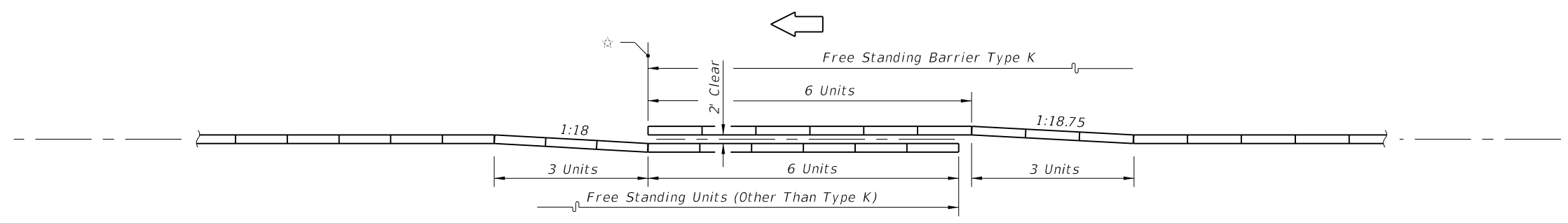


45 MPH OR LESS



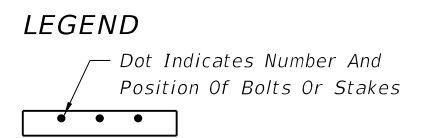
50 MPH OR GREATER

APPROACH SHOULDER BARRIER ON DIVIDED FACILITIES



INTERIOR MEDIAN BARRIER

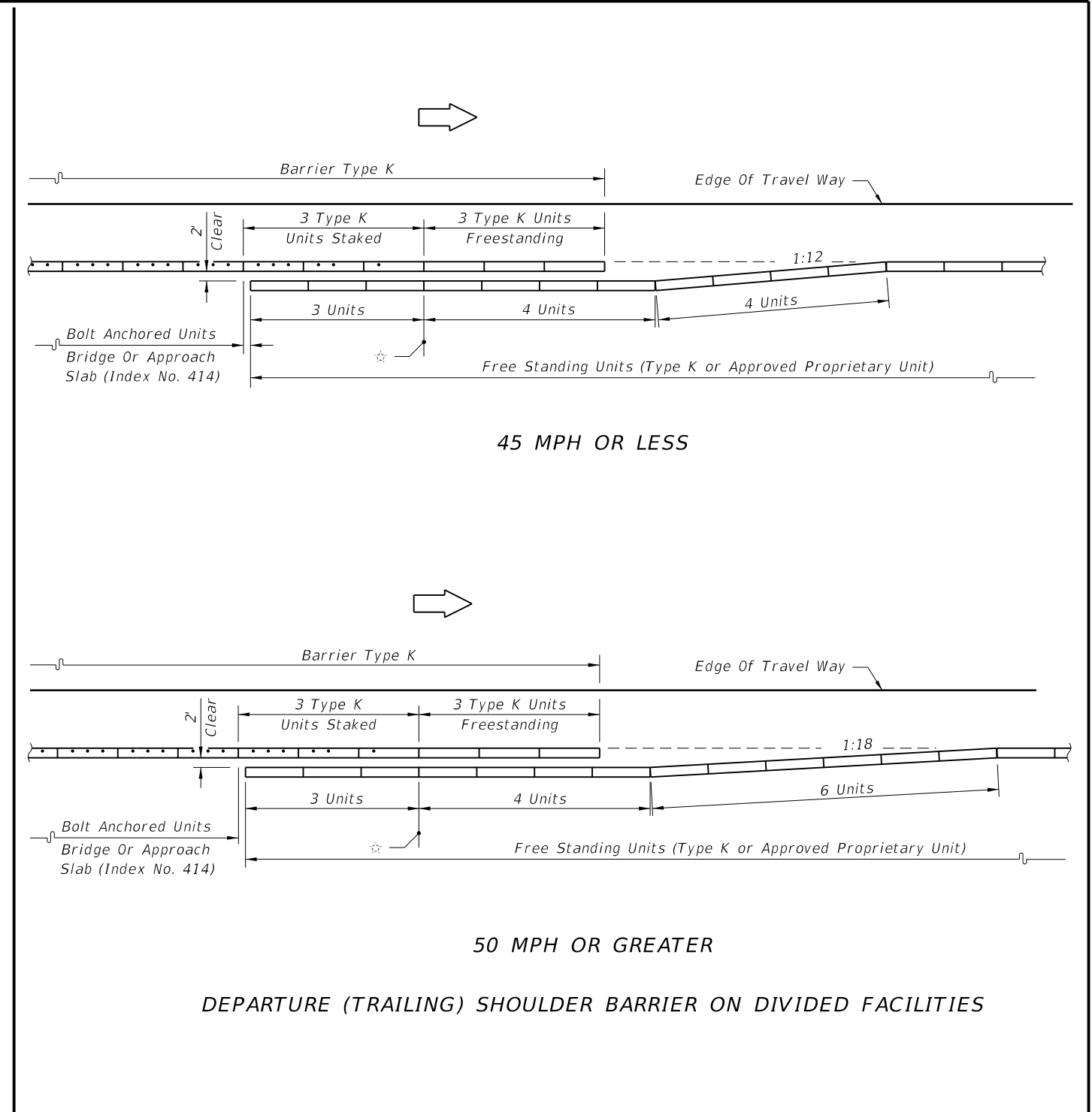
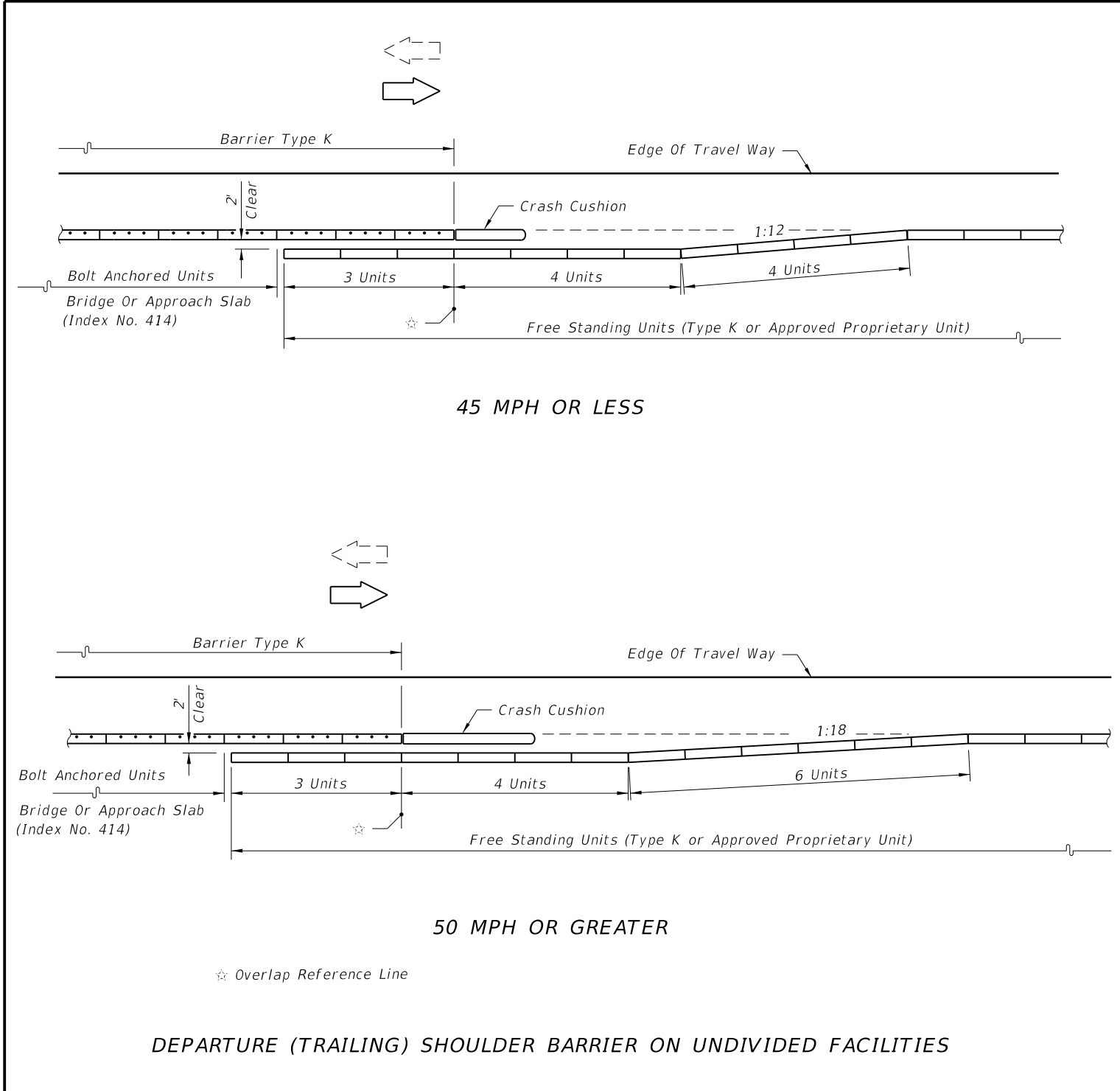
CONTINUATION OF BARRIER • FROM OTHER TYPE BARRIERS TO BARRIER TYPE K



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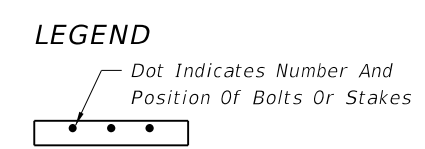
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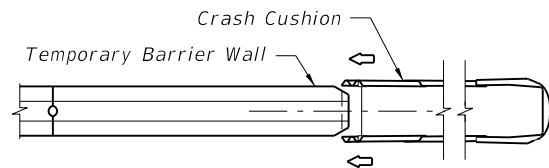
DEPARTURE (TRAILING) SHOULDER BARRIER ON UNDIVIDED FACILITIES

DEPARTURE (TRAILING) SHOULDER BARRIER ON DIVIDED FACILITIES

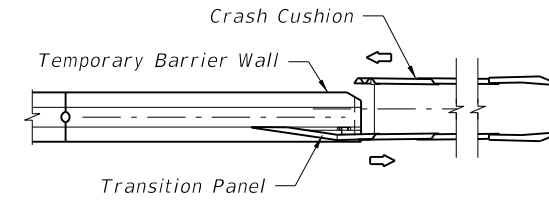


CONTINUATION OF BARRIER • FROM BARRIER TYPE K TO OTHER TYPE BARRIERS
BARRIER TYPE K ON BRIDGES AND APPROACH SLABS

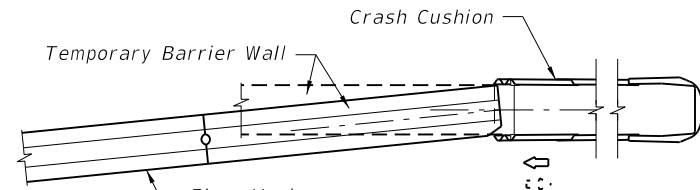
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| 07/01/12 | | | | | | 415 | 6 |



UNIDIRECTIONAL -
SEPARATED TRAFFIC

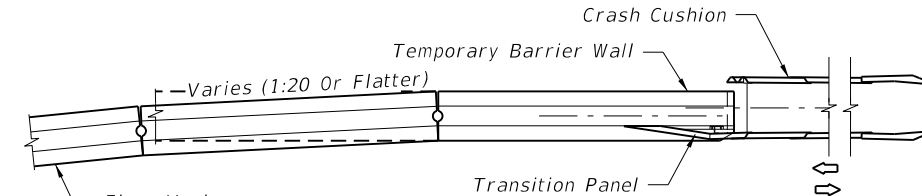


BIDIRECTIONAL -
SEPARATED TRAFFIC



Flare Varies:
1:10 Or Flatter For ≤ 45 mph
1:15 Or Flatter For 50-70 mph

TWO-WAY TRAFFIC WITH CRASH CUSHION LOCATED OUTSIDE
OPPOSING LANE CLEAR ZONE OR ONE-WAY TRAFFIC



Flare Varies:
1:10 Or Flatter For ≤ 45 mph
1:15 Or Flatter For 50-70 mph

TWO-WAY TRAFFIC WITH CRASH CUSHION LOCATED
WITHIN OPPOSING LANE CLEAR ZONE

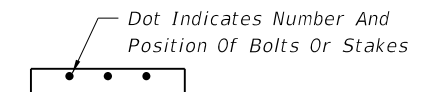
SHOULDER - RIGHT OR LEFT (RIGHT SIDE SHOWN)

WALL END TREATMENT WHEN SHIELDED BY A CRASH CUSHION

NOTES FOR WALL END SHIELDING

1. Redirective crash cushions are the principal (standard) device to be used for shielding approach ends of temporary concrete barrier walls. The contractor has the option to construct any of the redirective crash cushions listed on the Qualified Products List at "102 Temporary Crash Cushion", subject to the uses and limitations described on their respective drawings. The barrier wall four end unit abutting crash cushions must be anchored to a paved surface using anchors/stakes in accordance with Standard Index 414.
2. Temporary redirective crash cushions shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations. Temporary crash cushions can be either new or functionally sound used devices. Performance of intended function is the only condition for acceptance, whether the crash cushion is new, used, refurbished, purchased, leased, rented, on loan, shared between projects, or made up of mixed new and used components.
3. A yellow post mounted Type 1 Object Marker shall be centered 3' in front of the nose of all temporary crash cushions. Mounting hardware shall be in accordance with Index Nos. 11860. The cost of the Object Marker shall be included in the cost of the crash cushion.
4. Equipment, stockpile material, etc., shall not be placed behind the crash cushion.
5. Optional temporary redirective crash cushions are to be paid for per location under the contract unit price for Crash Cushion (Redirective Option) (Temporary), LO.

LEGEND



SHIELDING WALL ENDS WITH REDIRECTIVE CRASH CUSHIONS (REDIRECTIVE OPTION)

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