

ORIGINATION FORM

Date: 7/20/12

Originator: Mark Scott, P.E.

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Specification Title: Pipe Culverts

Specification Section, Article, or Subarticle Number: Article 430-9 & Subarticles 430-2.1, 430-3.2, & 430-4.6

Why does the existing language need to be changed? To include Polypropylene and Fiberglass pipes as optional pipe culvert materials.

Summary of the changes: Reference the correct specification sections for Polypropylene and Fiberglass pipes, to include Polypropylene pipe as optional side drain material, and use end treatments on Polypropylene pipe.

Are these changes applicable to all Department jobs? Yes

If not, what are the restrictions?

Will these changes result in an increase or decrease in project costs? No

If yes, what is the estimated change in costs?

With who have you discussed these changes? Jennifer Green, P.E. & Rick Renna, P.E.

What other offices will be impacted by these changes? Materials

Are changes needed to the PPM, Design Standards, SDG, CPAM or other manual? No

Is a Design Bulletin, Construction Memo, or Estimates Bulletin needed? No

Contact the State Specifications Office for assistance in completing this form.

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ANANTH PRASAD, P.E.
SECRETARY

MEMORANDUM

DATE: October 2, 2012
TO: Specification Review Distribution List
FROM: Trey Tillander, State Specifications Engineer
SUBJECT: Proposed Specification: **4300201 Pipe Culverts.**

In accordance with Specification Development Procedures, we are sending you a copy of a proposed specification change.

This change was proposed by Jennifer Green of the State Roadway Design Office to correct specification sections for Polypropylene and Fiberglass pipes, to include Polypropylene pipe as optional side drain material, and use end treatments on Polypropylene pipe.

Please share this proposal with others within your responsibility. Review comments are due within four weeks and should be sent to Mail Station 75 or to my attention via e-mail at SP965TT or trey.tillander@dot.state.fl.us. Comments received after **October 30, 2012**, may not be considered. Your input is encouraged.

TT/cah
Attachment

PIPE CULVERTS.

(REV 9-1273-12)

SUBARTICLE 430-2.1 (Page 433) is deleted and the following substituted:

430-2.1 Pipe: Meet the following requirements:

Concrete Pipe	Section 449
Round Rubber Gaskets	Section 942
Corrugated Steel Pipe and Pipe Arch	Section 943
Corrugated Aluminum Pipe and Pipe Arch	Section 945
Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe	Section 948
Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe	Section 948
<i>Fiberglass Reinforced Polymer Pipe</i>	<i>Section 948</i>
<i>Polypropylene (PP) Pipe</i>	<i>Section 948</i>

SUBARTICLE 430-3.2 (Page 433) is deleted and the following substituted:

430-3.2 Side Drain: If the plans do not designate a type (or types) of pipe, the Contractor may use either a minimum Class I concrete pipe, corrugated steel pipe, corrugated aluminum pipe, corrugated polyethylene pipe, *polypropylene pipe*, or PVC pipe. If one of the metal types is chosen, use the minimum gage specified in Section- 943 for steel pipe or Section- 945 for aluminum pipe. *When extending existing pipes, construct the pipe extensions of the same size and kind as the existing pipe. Extensions of materials no longer produced shall be extended with the most similar pipe material available.*

Non-reinforced concrete pipe may also be substituted for concrete pipe in side drains, subject to the provisions of 430-3.1.

SUBARTICLE 430-4.1 (Page 434) is deleted and the following substituted:

430-4.1 General: Lay all pipe, true to the lines and grades given, with hubs up and tongue end fully entered into the hub. When pipe with quadrant reinforcement or circular pipe with elliptical reinforcement is used, install the pipe in a position such that the manufacturer's marks designating "top" and "bottom" of the pipe are not more than five degrees from the vertical plane through the longitudinal axis of the pipe. Do not allow departure from and return to plan alignment and grade to exceed 1/16- inch per foot of nominal pipe length, with a total of not more than 1- inch departure from theoretical line and grade. Take up and relay any pipe that is not in true alignment or which shows any settlement after laying at no additional expense to the Department.

Do not use concrete pipe with lift holes except (1) round pipe which has an inside diameter in excess of 54- inches or (2) any elliptical pipe.

Repair lift holes, if present, by use of a hand-placed, stiff, non-shrink, 1-to-1 mortar of cement and fine sand, after first washing out the hole with water. Completely fill the void created by the lift hole with mortar. Cover the repaired area with a 24 by 24- inches piece of filter fabric secured to the pipe. Use a Type D-3 filter fabric meeting the requirements shown on Design Standards, Index No. 199.

Secure the filter fabric to the pipe using a method that holds the fabric in place until the backfill is placed and compacted. Use a grout mixtures, mastics, or strapping devices to secure the fabric to the pipe.

~~When extending existing pipes, construct the pipe extensions of the same size and kind as the existing pipe, unless otherwise shown in the Plans.~~ When installing pipes in structures, construct inlet and outlet pipes of the same size and kind as the connecting pipe shown in the Plans. *Use the same pipe material within each continuous run of pipe.* Extend the pipes through the walls for a distance beyond the outside surface sufficient for the intended connections, and construct the concrete around them neatly to prevent leakage along their outer surface as shown on the Design Standards, Index No. 201. Keep the inlet and outlet pipes flush with the inside of the wall. Resilient connectors as specified in 942-3 may be used in lieu of a masonry seal.

Furnish and install a filter fabric jacket around all pipe joints and the joint between the pipe and the structure in accordance with Design Standards, Index Nos. 201 and 280. Use fabric meeting the physical requirements of Type D-3 specified on the Design Standards, Index No. 199. The fabric shall extend a minimum of 12 inches beyond each side of the joint or both edges of the coupling band, if a coupling band is used. The fabric shall have a minimum width of 24 inches, and a length sufficient to provide a minimum overlap of 24 inches. — Secure the filter fabric jacket against the outside of the pipe by metal or plastic — strapping or by other methods approved by the Engineer.

Meet the following minimum joint standards:

Pipe Application	Minimum Standard
Storm and Cross Drains	Water-tight
Gutter Drain	Water-tight
Side Drains	Soil-tight

When rubber gaskets are to be installed in the pipe joint, the gasket shall be the sole element relied on to maintain a tight joint. Soil tight joints must be watertight to 2- psi. Water-tight joints must be water-tight to 5- psi unless a higher pressure rating is required in the plans.

SUBARTICLE 430-4.6 (Page 435) is deleted and the following substituted:

430-4.6 End Treatment: Place an end treatment at each storm and cross drain, and side drain as shown in the plans. Refer to the Design Standards for types of end treatment details. As an exception to the above, when concrete mitered end sections are permitted, the Contractor may use reinforced concrete U-endwalls, if shop drawings are submitted to the Engineer for approval prior to use.

Provide end treatments for corrugated polyethylene pipe, *polypropylene pipe*, and PVC pipe as specified in Section- 948, or as detailed in the plans.

ARTICLE 430-9 (Page 441) is deleted and the following substituted:

430-9 Specific Requirements for Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe, *Polypropylene (PP) Pipe*, and Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe.

430-9.1 Field Joints: Use gasketed joints to seal side drain, and storm and cross drain. Use gaskets meeting the requirements of Section 449. Ensure that the pipe manufacturer provides a joint design approved by the Engineer before use.

430-9.2 Installation Requirements Including Trenching, Foundation and Backfilling Operations: Check structure shape regularly during backfilling to verify acceptability of the construction method used.

4300201

All Jobs

Pipe deflected 5% or more of the certified actual mean diameter of the pipe at final inspection shall be replaced at no cost to the Department.