## **ORIGINATION FORM**

<u>Date</u>: **5-29-14** 

**Originator**: Larry Jones

Contact Information: 850-414-4305

Specification Title: 455 Structures Foundations 985 Geotextile Fabrics.

Specification Section, Article, or Subarticle Number: 985

Why does the existing language need to be changed? New specification in response to industry requests to move geosynthetics from the Design Standards Indexes to the APLQPL. Rename section to Geosynthetic Materials.

Summary of the changes: **New specification** 

Are these changes applicable to all Department jobs? Yes.

If not, what are the restrictions?

Will these changes result in an increase or decrease in project costs? No.

If yes, what is the estimated change in costs?

With who have you discussed these changes? Larry Ritchie, David Horhota, Ben Watson, Rodrigo Herrera, Karen Byram, Andy Harper

What other offices will be impacted by these changes? Materials, Construction, Product Evaluation

Are changes needed to the PPM, Design Standards, SDG, CPAM or other manual? Yes. Design Standards Index 199 & 501 will be deleted, References to Index 199 & 501 will need to be revised during the current revision cycle.

<u>Are all references to external publications current?</u>
If not, what references need to be updated (please include changes in the redline)?

Is a Design Bulletin, Construction Memo, or Estimates Bulletin needed? No.

Contact the State Specifications Office for assistance in completing this form.

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### MEMORANDUM

**DATE:** July 10, 2014

**TO:** Specification Review Distribution List

**FROM:** Daniel Scheer, P.E., State Specifications Engineer

**SUBJECT:** Proposed Specification: **9850000 Geotextile Fabrics.** 

In accordance with Specification Development Procedures, we are sending you a copy of a proposed specification change.

This change was proposed by Larry Jones of the State Structures Design Office to update the language in response to industry requests to move geosynthetic materials from the Design Standards to the Approved Product List (APL).

Please share this proposal with others within your responsibility. Review comments are due within four weeks and should be sent to Mail Station 75 or online at <a href="http://www2.dot.state.fl.us/SpecificationsEstimates/Development/IndustryReview.aspx">http://www2.dot.state.fl.us/SpecificationsEstimates/Development/IndustryReview.aspx</a>. Comments received after <a href="August 7, 2014">August 7, 2014</a>, may not be considered. Your input is encouraged.

DS/dt Attachment

### GEOTEXTILE FABRICS.

(REV 6-9432027-14)

SECTION 985 is deleted and the following substituted:

### **SECTION 985**

#### **CEOTEXTILE FABRICSGEOSYNTHETIC MATERIALS**

## 985-1 FabricGeneralDescription.

985-1.1 General: Geotextiles shall be woven or nonwoven fabrics that will allow the passage of water. Geotextiles shall be packaged in a protective covering sufficient to protect it from sunlight, dirt, and other debris during shipment and storage, upon which the manufacturer's name, product name, style number, roll dimensions and LOT numbers are clearly labeled. Description: Geosynthetic materials are used for nonstructural and structural applications Geosynthetic materials and shall be either geotextiles (woven or non-woven) or geogrids (woven or extruded) that are used for drainage, erosion control, reinforcement, separation or stabilization.

985-1.2 Application: The applications of geotextile fabrics are divided into the following three main classes:

1. Drainage- under all rubble riprap, including cyclopean stone and under gabions; wrapped around drains, pipe joints, and edge drains; filter behind walls, etc.

2. 985-1.2 Material Selection: Select geosynthetic materials that meet the required permeability and AOS based on test results on the soil or fill adjacent to the geotextile for gradation.

## 985-2 Physical Requirements Materials.

985-2.1 General Requirements: Unless restricted in the Plans or Specifications, the geotextilesynthetic fabric material shall be a woven-or, non woven or extruded fabricmaterial consisting of long-chain polymeric filaments or yarns such as polypropylene, polyethylene, polyester, polyamides or polyvinylidene chloride formed into a stable network such that the filaments or yarns retain their relative position to each other. The base plastic shall contain stabilizers and/or inhibitors to make the filaments resistant to deterioration due to ultra-violet light (except for subsurface and stabilization classification), heat exposure and potential chemically damaging environment. The fabric shall be free of any treatment which may significantly alter its physical properties. The edges of the fabric material shall be selvaged or otherwise finished to prevent the outer yarn from pulling away from the fabricmaterial and shall be free of any treatment which may significantly alter its physical properties. The fabric shall conform to the physical requirements on Design Standards, Index No. 199 according to its application.

For structural geosynthetics, use primary and secondary reinforcing elements consisting of a regular array of tensile elements with sufficient reinforcement strength to perform the prime functions of reinforcement.

985-2.2 Physical Requirements: Each geosynthetic material shall be tested by an independent third party in accordance with the following methods as they apply to the specific application type. All testing and reported values, except apparent opening size (AOS), are to be

minimum average roll values in the weakest principle direction unless indicated otherwise in this Section. Values for AOS are maximum average roll values.

Geotextile Selection			
In-situ Soil Types % passing a No. 200 Sieve*	Class for Type D1, D2, D3 Materials (see Table 1.1)		
< 15%	a		
15% to 50%	b		
> 50%	c		
> 50% with Plastic Index >7	d		
*as per AASHTO T88.			

Table 1.1 Drainage Geotextiles Test Methods and Requirements for Types D-1, D-2 and D-3				
Property/Test Method	D-1	D-2	D-3	
Minimum Permittivity (Sec - 1) per ASTM D4491	D-1a = 0.7 D-1b = 0.2 D-1c = 0.1 D-1d = 0.1	D-2a = 0.7 D-2b = 0.2 D-2c = 0.1 D-2d = 0.1	D-3a = 0.5 D-3b = 0.2 D-3c = 0.1 D-3d = 0.1	
Maximum AOS (US Sieve No.) per ASTM D4751	D-1a = 40 D-1b = 60 D-1c = 70 D-1d = 50	D-2a = 40 D-2b = 60 D-2c = 70 D-2d = 50	D-3a = 40 D-3b = 60 D-3c = 70 D-3d = 50	
Minimum Grab Tensile Strength (lb) per ASTM D4632	315	Woven Monofilament = 248 Other Woven Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 315 Elongation >50% = 203	Elongation $<50\% = 248$ Elongation $>50\% = 158$	
Minimum Sewn Strength (lb) per ASTM D4632	283	Woven Monofilament=223 Other Woven Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 283 Elongation >50% = 182	Elongation <50% = 223 Elongation >50% = 142	
Minimum Puncture Strength (lb) per ASTM D6241	618	Woven Monofilament = 495 Other Woven Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 618 Elongation >50% = 433	Elongation $<50\% = 495$ Elongation $>50\% = 309$	
Minimum Trapezoidal Tear (lb) per ASTM D4533	113	Woven Monofilament = 57 Other Woven Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 113 Elongation >50% = 79	Woven Monofilament = 57 Other Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 90 Elongation >50% = 57	
Minimum UV Resistance per ASTM D4355 (% Retained Strength)	50% @500 hours	50% @500 hours	50% @500 hours	
Limitations	Woven Monofilament Geotextiles only	Woven Geotextiles only. No Slit Film Geotextiles allowed.	No Slit Film Geotextiles allowed.	

Table 1.2  Test Methods and Requirements for Drainage Geotextiles  Types D-4/6 and D-5			
Property/Test Method	D-4/6	D-5	
Minimum Permittivity (Sec <sup>-1</sup> ) per ASTM D4491	0.5	0.5	
Maximum AOS (US Sieve No.) per ASTM D4751	40	40	
Minimum Grab Tensile Strength (lb) per ASTM D4632	180	180	
Minimum Sewn Strength (lb) per ASTM D4632	162	162	
Minimum Puncture Strength (lb) per ASTM D6241	223	223	
Minimum Trapezoidal Tear (lb) per ASTM D4533	35	40	
Minimum UV Resistance per ASTM D4355 (% Retained Strength)	50% @500 hours	50%@500 hours	

Table 2 Test Methods and Requirements for Erosion Control Materials					
Property/Test Method	E-1	E-2	E-3	E-4	E-5
Permittivity (Sec <sup>-1</sup> ) per ASTM D4491	0.05	0.05			
Grab Tensile Strength (lb) per ASTM D4632	90	90			
Minimum UV Resistance per ASTM D4355 (% Retained Strength)	80% @500 hours	80% @150 hours	80% @500 hours		
Wide Width Tensile Strength **(lb/in) per ASTM D4595			11.4 x 5.7	22.8 x 11.4	45.7 x 22.8
Filtration Efficiency (%) per ASTM D5141	75% and min. flow rate of 0.3 gal/sf/min				
Design Shear***			≥2.1 psf	≥3.6 psf	≥5.0 psf

<sup>\*\*</sup> Wide Width Tensile Strength is expressed in units of measure of lb/in, in machine direction and cross direction as MD x CD.

\*\*\* Design Shear limits for Erosion mats must be determined by 30 minutes sustained flow in an unvegetated state as determined by tests performed by Utah State University, Texas Transportation Institute or an independent testing laboratory approved by the State Drainage Engineer.

Test Methods a	Table 3 nd Requirements fo	or Structural Geosynthe	etics	
Property/Test Method	Structural Application Type	Test Methods for Woven Geotextiles	Test Methods for Woven or Extruded Geogrids	
Permittivity (sec <sup>-1</sup> )	R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	ASTM D4491		
UV Stability (Min Retained Strength @500 hr,	R - 3	ASTM D4355	ASTM D4355	
Puncture Strength (lb)	R - 5	ASTM D6241		
Grab Strength (lb)	R - 5	ASTM D4632		
Opening Size	R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	AOS (US Sieve No.) ASTM D4751	Aperture Size (in x in)	
Tensile Strength (ll	o/ft)			
Machine Direction Ultim	eate, $(T_{ult})$			
2% Strain	R - 1, 3			
5% Strain	R - 2, 3, 4, 5			
10% Strain	R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5			
Cross Direction Ulti	mate	ASTM D4595	ASTM D6637	
2% Strain	R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5			
5% Strain	R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5			
10% Strain	R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5			
Strain @ Ultimate Tensile Strength	R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5			
Tear Strength (lb	o)			
Machine Direction	R - 5	ASTM D4533		
Cross Direction	R - 5			
Soil-Geosynthetic Friction	R - 1, 2, 3	ASTM D6706	ASTM D6706	
Creep Resistance-T <sub>creep</sub> (lb/ft)	R - 2, 3, 4	ASTM D5262	ASTM D5262	
Creep Reduction Factor $(T_{ult}/T_{creep})$	R - 2, 3, 4			
Installation Damage $(RF_c)$				
Sand	R - 2, 3, 4	GRI: GT7	<i>GRI: GG4(a) &amp; GG4(b)</i>	
Limestone	R - 2, 3, 4			
Durability ( $RF_d$ )	)			
Chemical	R - 2, 3, 4	GRI: GT7	<i>GRI: GG4(a) &amp; GG4(b</i>	
Biological	R - 2, 3, 4	GRI: GT7	<i>GRI: GG4(a) &amp; GG4(b)</i>	

Table 3				
Test Methods an	nd Requirements fo	or Structural Geosynthe	etics	
Property/Test Method	Structural Application Type	Test Methods for Woven Geotextiles	Test Methods for Woven or Extruded Geogrids	
Joint Strength (RF	(j)			
Mechanical	R - 2, 3	GRI: GT7	<i>GRI: GG4(a) &amp; GG4(b)</i>	
Sewn	R - 2, 3	ASTM D4884		

985-42.3 Overlaps and Seams: Overlaps shall be as3 ftthree feet unless in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations unless specified otherwise in the Plans, Specifications, or Design StandardsContract Documents for each-a particular application. To reduce overlaps, the geotextile fabric geosynthetic material may be sewn together perin accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Sew the Seams of the fabric material shall be sewn-with thread meeting the chemical requirements and minimum seam strength requirements in Tables 1.1, 1.2 and 3 given for the fabric and application as shown on Design Standards, Index No. 199.

985-42.4 Packaging and Labeling: Geosynthetics shall be packaged in a protective covering sufficient to protect the material from temperatures greater than 140 F, sunlight, dirt, and other debris during shipment and storage. The manufacturer's name, product name, style number, roll dimensions and LOT numbers must be clearly labeled on all packaging. During shipping and storage, protect the geosynthetic from physical damage, debris and from temperatures greater than 140°F.

### 985-53 Product Acceptance and Certification.

985-3.1 Product Acceptance: Use only products listed on the Department's Approved Product List (APL). Manufacturers seeking evaluation of products must submit an application in accordance with Section 6 and include independently certified test reports that the material meets the physical requirements of this Section. Products will be listed on the APL according to geosynthetic application type. Structural geosynthetics are listed with property values.

985-3.2 Certification: Provide the Engineer a manufacturer's certification, conforming to the requirements of Section 6, that the material meets the requirements of this Section and is appropriate for the intended use. The manufacturer's certification shall be attested to by a person having legal authority to bind the manufacturing company. Also, provide the Engineer with two 8 inch by 10 inch samples of the geosynthetic material for product identification. The manufacturer shall maintain test records as required by this Specification and these records shall be made available to the Department upon request.

Furnish two certified copies of a test report from the manufacturer certifying that the geotextile to be incorporated into the completed projectIn accordance with Section 6, provide manufacturer's certification that the material meets the requirements of this Specification and the Design Standards, Index No. 199. The certified test reportsspecification. The manufacturer's certification shall be attested to by a person having legal authority to bind the manufacturing company. Also, furnishProvide the State Materials Office with two (4 inch8 in. by 8 inch)10 in.) samples of the geotextilegeosynthetic material for product identification. The manufacturer shall

maintain test records as required by this Specification. These records shall be made available to the Department upon request.

985 2 Product Acceptance: Use only products listed on the Department's ApprovedQualified Products List (QAPL). Manufacturers seeking evaluation of products must submit an application in accordance with Section 6 and identify the application type in accordance with this specification, provide documentation that the product meets all the requirements of this specification and include independently certified test reports that the material meets the physical requirements of the application type.

Products will be listed on the QAPL according to geosynthetic application type. Structural geosynthetics are listed with property values.

# 985-34 Applications:..

985-4.1 Nonstructural: Geosynthetics are used for nonstructural and structural applications as follows:

985-34.1.1 Drainage: Select geotextile materials that meet the required permeability and AOS based on test results on the soil or fill adjacent to the geotextile for gradation. Materials for drainage applications must be tested in accordance with and meet the physical requirements in 985-2.2, Table 1. Geotextile materials used for drainage are considered nonstructural and are subdivided as follows:

Drainage Applications			
Drainage Geotextile Type	Annucation I accrintion		
D-1	Revetment (Special)		
	Revetment (Standard)		
	Articulating Block		
	Gabions	281	
D-2	Rock, Rubble, and Broken Concrete		
	Ditch Pavement (Rubble Riprap)	281	
	Joint Cover for Mechanically Stabilized Retaining Wall		
	Supporting Spread Footing Foundations		
	Underdrain	286	
	French Drain	285	
D-3	Sheet Piling Filter		
	Filter Fabric Jacket (Culvert)	280	
	Concrete Pavement Subdrainage	287	
D-4/6	Slope Pavement		
<i>D-4</i> /0	Ditch Pavement (Sand-Cement Riprap or Concrete)	281	
D-5	Mechanically Stabilized Retaining Wall (Joint Cover)	548	
<i>D-3</i>	Cast-In-Place Retaining Wall		

Select geostextileynthetic materials that meet the required permeability and AOS based on test results on the soil or fill adjacent to the geotextile for gradation. Materials for

drainage applications must be tested in accordance with the methods and meet the requirements listed in Table 1.

985-34.1.2 Erosion Control-: Geotextile materials are used for silt fence, staked silt barrier, plastic erosion mat. and plastic erosion mats. Materials used for erosion control are considered nonstructural and are subdivided as follows: Materials used for erosion control applications must be tested in accordance with and meet the physical requirements in 985-2.2, Table 2.

# 3. Stabilization separator between embankment and soft subsoil, reinforcement and pipe bedding. 985-2 Physical

Erosion Control Applications			
Erosion Type	Application Description		
<i>E-1</i>	Staked Silt Fence		
E-2	E-2 Wind Screen		
E-3	Plastic Erosion Mat (Turf Reinforcement Mat) (Type 1)		
E-4	Plastic Erosion Mat (Turf Reinforcement Mat) (Type 2)		
E-5	Plastic Erosion Mat (Turf Reinforcement Mat) (Type 3)		

Materials for erosion control applications must be tested in accordance with the methods and meet the requirements listed in Table 2.

# 985-34.32 Structural:

985-4.2.1 Reinforcement, Separation and Stabilization: Materials for reinforcement, separation and stabilization applications must be tested in accordance with and meet the physical requirements in 985-2.2, Table 3. Structural geosynthetics used for reinforcement, separation and stabilization are sub divided for use in one or more of the following applications:

I	Reinforcement, Separation and Stabilization Applications		
Application Type Application Description			
R-1	Geosynthetic Reinforced Soil (GRS)		
R-2	R-2 Reinforcement of Foundations over Soft Soils		
R-3	R-3 Steepened Slopes		
R-4	R-4 Reinforced Embankment		
R-5	Construction Expedient		

Materials for reinforcement, separation and stabilization applications must be tested in accordance with the methods listed in Table 3.

985-4.2 Physical Requirements: Each geosynthetic material shall be tested by an independent third party in accordance with the following methods as they apply to the specific application type. All testing and reported values, except apparent opening size (AOS), are to be minimum average roll values in the weakest principle direction unless indicated otherwise in this section. Values for AOS are maximum average roll values.

Geotextile Selection			
In-situ Soil types	Class for Type D1, D2 & D3, and E 3, E 4 & E-5 Materials listed below		
<del>200* &lt; 15%</del>	a		
-200* 15% to 50%	b		
<del>-200* &gt; 50%</del>	$\epsilon$		
-200* > 50% with Plastic Index >7	d		
*Percentage passing the number 200 US Standard Sieve according to AASHTO T 88			

Table 1					
Test Methods and R	Test Methods and Requirements for Drainage Geotextiles				
<del>Property</del>	<del>D-1</del>	<del>D-2</del>	<del>D-3</del>		
Minimum	D - 1a = 0.7	$D \cdot 2a = 0.7$	D - 3a = 0.5		
Permittivity (Sec -	D-1b = 0.2	D-2b = 0.2	D-3b = 0.2		
1) per ASTM D	D-1c=0.1	D-2c = 0.1	D-3c = 0.1		
<del>4491</del>	$D \cdot 1d = 0.1$	D - 2d = 0.1	D - 3d = 0.1		
Maximum AOS	D-1a = 40	D-2a=40	D-3a = 40		
(US Sieve No.) per	$D \cdot 1b = 60$	D - 2b = 60	D - 3b = 60		
ASTM D 4751	D - 1c = 70	D - 2c = 70	D - 3c = 70		
ASTNI D 4/31	D-1d=50	D-2d=50	D-3d=50		
Minimum Grab Tensile Strength (lb) per ASTM D 4632	<del>315</del>	Woven Mono-filament = 248 Other Woven Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 315 Elongation >50% = 203	$\frac{Elongation < 50\% = 248}{Elongation > 50\% = 158}$		

Minimum Sewn Strength (lb) per ASTM D 4632	283	Woven Mono-filament = 223 Other Woven Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 283 Elongation >50% = 182	Elongation < 50% = 223 $Elongation > 50% = 142$
Minimum Puncture Strength (lb) per ASTM D 6241	<del>618</del>	Woven Mono filament = 495 Other Woven Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 618 Elongation >50% = 433	$\frac{Elongation < 50\% = 495}{Elongation > 50\% = 309}$
Minimum Trapezoidal Tear (lb) per ASTM D 4533	<del>113</del>	Woven Mono filament = 57 Other Woven Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 113 Elongation >50% = 79	Woven Mono filament = 57 Other Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 90 Elongation >50% = 57
Minimum UV Resistance per ASTM D 4355 (% Retained Strength)	50% @ 500 Hours	<del>50% @ 500 Hours</del>	<del>50% @ 500 Hours</del>
<i>Limitations</i>	Woven Monofilament Geotextiles only (Elongation <50%).	Woven Geotextiles only. No Slit Film Geotextiles allowed.	No Slit Film Geotextiles allowed.

Table 1 (continued)	<del>Cable 1 (continued)</del>		
<del>Property</del>	D-4/6	D-5	
Minimum Permittivity (Sec <sup>1</sup> ) per ASTM D 4491	0.5	0.5	
Maximum AOS (US Sieve No.) per ASTM D 4751	40	<del>40</del>	
Minimum Grab Tensile Strength (lb) per ASTM D 4632	<del>180</del>	<del>180</del>	
Minimum Sewn Strength (lb) per ASTM D 4632	<del>162</del>	<del>162</del>	
Minimum Puncture Strength (lb) per ASTM D 6241	223	223	
Minimum Trapezoidal Tear (lb) per ASTM D 4533	<del>35</del>	<del>40</del>	

Minimum UV Resistance		
<del>per ASTM D 4355 (%</del>	<del>50% @ 500 Hours</del>	<del>50%@ 500 Hours</del>
Retained Strength)		

Table 2					
Test Methods and Requirements for Erosion Control Materials					
<del>Property</del>	E-1	E-2	E-3	E-4	E-5
Permittivity (Sec <sup>-1</sup> ) per ASTM D 4491	0.05	0.05			
Grab Tensile Strength (lb) per ASTM D 4632	90	90			
Minimum UV					
Resistance per ASTM	<del>80% @</del>				
D 4355 (% Retained	500 Hours	150 Hours	500 Hours	500 Hours	500 Hours
Strength)					
Wide Width Tensile					
Strength **(lb/in) per			11.4 x 5.7	22.8 x 11.4	45.7 x 22.8
ASTM D 4595					
	75% and				
Filtration Efficiency	min. flow				
(%) per ASTM D 5141	rate of 0.3				
	gal/sf/min				
Design Shear***			<u>≥2.1 psf</u>	<i>≧3.6 psf</i>	<u>≥5.0 psf</u>

\*\* Wide Width Tensile Strength is expressed in units of measure of lb/in, in machine direction and cross direction as MD x CD.

\*\*\* Design Shear limits for Erosion mats must be determined by 30 minutes sustained flow in an unvegetated state as determined by tests performed by Utah State University, Texas Transportation Institute or an independent testing laboratory approved by the State Drainage Engineer.

Table 3				
Test Methods and Requirements for Structural Geosynthetics				
Property	Structural Application Type	Test Methods for Woven Geotextiles	Test Methods for Woven or Extruded Geogrids	
Permittivity (sec <sup>-1</sup> )	R-1, 2, 3, 4, 5	ASTM D 4491		
UV Stability (Min Retained Strength @ 500 hr)	R-3	ASTM D 4355	ASTM D 4355	
Puncture Strength (lb)	<del>R-5</del>	ASTM D 6241		
Grab Strength (lb)	<del>R-5</del>	ASTM D 4632		
Opening Size	R-1, 2, 3, 4, 5	AOS (US Sieve No.) ASTM D 4751	Aperture Size (in x in)	
Tensile Strength (lb/ft)  Machine Direction Ultimate, (T <sub>ult</sub> )		ASTM D 4595	ASTM D-6637	
<del>2% Strain</del>	<del>R-1, 3</del>			

<del>5% Strain</del>	R 2, 3, 4, 5		
10% Strain	R 1, 2, 3, 4, 5		
Cross Direction Ultimate			
<del>2% Strain</del>	R-1, 2, 3, 4, 5		
<del>5% Strain</del>	R-1, 2, 3, 4, 5		
10% Strain	R-1, 2, 3, 4, 5		
Strain @ Ultimate Tensile	D 1 2 2 4 5		
<del>Strength</del>	R 1, 2, 3, 4, 5		
Tear Strength (lb)			
Machine Direction	<del>R-5</del>	ASTM D-4533	
Cross Direction	<del>R-5</del>		
Soil Geosynthetic Friction	R 1, 2, 3	ASTM D 6706	ASTM D 6706
Creep Resistance T <sub>creep</sub> (lb/ft)	R 2, 3, 4	ASTM D 5262	ASTM 5262
Creep Reduction Factor	D 2 2 4		
$\frac{(T_{ult}/T_{creep})}{}$	R 2, 3, 4		
Installation Damage (RF <sub>e</sub> )	<u> </u>		
<del>Sand</del>	R 2, 3, 4	GRI: GT7	<i>GRI: GG4(a) &amp;</i> <i>GG4(b)</i>
<del>Limestone</del>	R-2, 3, 4		
Durability (RF <sub>d</sub> )			
Chamiaal	D 2 2 4	ASTM D 5322GRI:	ASTM D 5322GRI:
<u>Chemical</u>	R 2, 3, 4	GT7	<i>GG4(a) &amp; GG4(b)</i>
		ACTM D 1007 C21	ASTM G21 &
<i>Biological</i>	R-2, 3, 4	ASTM D 1987, G21, & G22GRI: GT7	<i>G22GRI: GG4(a)</i>
		<del>&amp; G22GKI; G17</del>	& GG4(b)
Joint Strength (RF <sub>i</sub> )			
<del>Mechanical</del>	R=2,3	GRI: GT7	GRI: GG4(a) &
	<del>A 2, 3</del>	<del>UM: UI /</del>	<i>GG4(b)</i>
<del>Sewn</del>	R-2, 3	ASTM D 4884	

985-4.3 Overlaps and Seams: Overlaps shall be as 3 ft unless specified otherwise in the Plans, Specifications, or Design Standards Contract Documents for each particular application. To reduce overlaps, the geotextile fabric geosynthetic material may be sewn together per manufacture recommendations. Seams of the fabric material shall be sewn with thread meeting the chemical requirements and minimum seam strength requirements given for the fabric and application as shown on Design Standards, Index No. 199...

985-4.4 Packaging and Labeling: Geosynthetics shall be packaged in a protective covering sufficient to protect the material from sunlight, dirt, and other debris during shipment and storage. The manufacturer's name, product name, style number, roll dimensions and LOT numbers must be clearly labeled on all packaging. During shipping and storage, protect the geosynthetic from physical damage, debris and from temperatures greater than 140°F.

#### 985-5 Certification.

Furnish two certified copies of a test report from the manufacturer certifying that the geotextile to be incorporated into the completed project*In accordance with Section 6, provide manufacturer's certification that the material* meets the requirements of this Specification and the Design Standards, Index No. 199. The certified test reports*specification. The manufacturer's* 

certification shall be attested to by a person having legal authority to bind the manufacturing company. Also, furnish Provide the State Materials Office with two (4 inch8 in. by 8 inch)10 in.) samples of the geotextile geosynthetic material for product identification. The manufacturer shall maintain test records as required by this Specification. These records shall be made available to the Department upon request.