SECTION 985 GEOSYNTHETIC MATERIALS

985-1 Description.

Geosynthetic materials are used for nonstructural and structural applications and shall be either geotextiles (woven or non-woven) or geogrids (woven or extruded) that are used for drainage, erosion control, reinforcement, separation or stabilization.

985-2 Materials.

985-2.1 General Requirements: Unless restricted in the Plans or Specifications, the geosynthetic material shall be a woven, non woven or extruded material consisting of long-chain polymeric filaments or yarns such as polypropylene, polyethylene, polyester, polyamides or polyvinylidene chloride formed into a stable network such that the filaments or yarns retain their relative position to each other. The base plastic shall contain stabilizers and/or inhibitors to make the filaments resistant to deterioration due to ultra-violet light, heat exposure and potential chemically damaging environment. The edges of the material shall be selvaged or otherwise finished to prevent the outer yarn from pulling away from the material and shall be free of any treatment which may significantly alter its physical properties.

985-2.2 Physical Requirements: Each geosynthetic material shall be tested by an independent third party in accordance with the following methods as they apply to the specific application type. All testing and reported values, except apparent opening size (AOS), are to be minimum average roll values in the weakest principle direction unless indicated otherwise in this Section. Values for AOS are maximum average roll values.

| Geotextile | e Selection |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| In-situ Soil Types | Class for Type D1, D2, D3 Materials |
| % passing a No. 200 Sieve* | (see Table 1.1) |
| < 15% | a |
| 15% to 50% | b |
| > 50% | с |
| > 50% with Plastic Index >7 | d |
| *as per AASHTO T88. | |

| | Drai | Table 1.1 nage Geotextiles | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Test Methods and Requirements for Types D-1, D-2 and D-3 | | | | |
| Property/Test Method | D-1 | D-2 | D-3 | |
| Minimum Permittivity (Sec - 1) per ASTM D4491 | D-1a = 0.7 D-1b = 0.2 D-1c = 0.1 D-1d = 0.1 | D-2a = 0.7 D-2b = 0.2 D-2c = 0.1 D-2d = 0.1 | D-3a = 0.5 D-3b = 0.2 D-3c = 0.1 D-3d = 0.1 | |
| Maximum AOS (US Sieve No.) per ASTM D4751 | D-1a = 40 D-1b = 60 D-1c = 70 D-1d = 50 | D-2a = 40 D-2b = 60 D-2c = 70 D-2d = 50 | D-3a = 40 D-3b = 60 D-3c = 70 D-3d = 50 | |
| Minimum Grab Tensile Strength (lbs) per ASTM D4632 | 315 | Woven Monofilament = 248 Other Woven Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 315 Elongation >50% = 203 | Elongation <50% = 248 Elongation >50% = 158 | |
| Minimum Sewn Strength (lbs) per ASTM D4632 | 283 | Woven Monofilament=223 Other Woven Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 283 Elongation >50% = 182 | Elongation <50% = 223 Elongation >50% = 142 | |
| Minimum Puncture Strength (lbs) per ASTM D6241 | 618 | Woven Monofilament = 495 Other Woven Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 618 Elongation >50% = 433 | Elongation <50% = 495 Elongation >50% = 309 | |
| Minimum Trapezoidal Tear (lbs) per ASTM D4533 | 113 | Woven Monofilament = 57 Other Woven Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 113 Elongation >50% = 79 | Woven Monofilament = 57 Other Geotextiles: Elongation <50% = 90 Elongation >50% = 57 | |
| Minimum UV Resistance per ASTM D4355 (% Retained Strength) | 50% @500 hours | 50% @500 hours | 50% @500 hours | |
| Limitations | Woven Monofilament Geotextiles only | Woven Geotextiles only. No Slit Film Geotextiles allowed. | No Slit Film Geotextiles allowed. | |

| Table 1.2Test Methods and Requirements for Drainage GeotextilesTypes D-4/6 and D-5 | | |
|--|----------------|---------------|
| Property/Test Method | D-4/6 | D-5 |
| Minimum Permittivity (Sec ⁻¹) per ASTM D4491 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Maximum AOS (US Sieve No.) per ASTM D4751 | 40 | 40 |
| Minimum Grab Tensile Strength (lbs) per ASTM D4632 | 180 | 180 |
| Minimum Sewn Strength (lbs) per ASTM D4632 | 162 | 162 |
| Minimum Puncture Strength (lbs) per ASTM D6241 | 223 | 223 |
| Minimum Trapezoidal Tear (lbs) per ASTM D4533 | 35 | 40 |
| Minimum UV Resistance per ASTM D4355 (% Retained Strength) | 50% @500 hours | 50%@500 hours |

| Table 2 | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| Test Me | Test Methods and Requirements for Erosion Control Materials | | | | |
| Property/Test Method | E-1 | E-2 | E-3 | E-4 | E-5 |
| Permittivity (Sec ⁻¹) | 0.05 | 0.05 | | | |
| per ASTM D4491 | 0.03 | 0.03 | | | |
| Grab Tensile Strength | 90 | 90 | | | |
| (lbs) per ASTM D4632 | 90 | 90 | | | |
| Minimum UV Resistance | 80% | 80% | | | |
| per ASTM D4355 | @500 hours | 80% @500 hou | urs | | |
| (% Retained Strength) | @ 500 flours | @150 liouis | | | |
| Wide Width Tensile | | | | | |
| Strength **(lbs/in) | | | 11.4 x 5.7 | 22.8 x 11.4 | 45.7 x 22.8 |
| per ASTM D6818 | | | | | |
| Eiltration Efficiency (0() | 75% and min. | | | | |
| Filtration Efficiency (%) | flow rate of | | | | |
| per ASTM D5141 | 0.3 gal/sf/min | | | | |
| Design Shear*** | | | <u>≥</u> 2.1 psf | <u>≥</u> 3.6 psf | <u>≥</u> 5.0 psf |
| ** Wide Width Tensile Strength | is apprassed in units | of mansura of lbs/in i | n machina diract | ion and cross direc | tion as MD v CD |

** Wide Width Tensile Strength is expressed in units of measure of lbs/in, in machine direction and cross direction as MD x CD. *** Design Shear limits for Erosion mats must be determined by 30 minutes sustained flow in an unvegetated state as determined by tests performed by Utah State University, Texas Transportation Institute or an independent testing laboratory approved by the State Drainage Engineer.

| | Table 3 | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Test Methods an | | For Structural Geosynthe | | |
| Property/Test Method | Structural Application Type | Test Methods for Woven Geotextiles | Test Methods for Woven or Extruded Geogrids | |
| Permittivity (sec ⁻¹) | R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 | ASTM D4491 | | |
| UV Stability (Min Retained Strength @500 hr) | R - 3 | ASTM D4355 | ASTM D4355 | |
| Puncture Strength (lbs) | R - 5 | ASTM D6241 | | |
| Grab Strength (lbs) | R - 5 | ASTM D4632 | | |
| Opening Size | R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 | AOS (US Sieve No.) ASTM D4751 | Aperture Size (in x in) | |
| Tensile Strength (lbs/ft) | | - | | |
| Machine Direction Ultimate, (Tult) | | | | |
| 2% Strain | R - 1, 3 | | | |
| 5% Strain | R - 2, 3, 4, 5 | | | |
| 10% Strain | R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 | | | |
| Cross Direction Ultimate | | ASTM D4595 | ASTM D6637 | |
| 2% Strain | R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 | | | |
| 5% Strain | R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 | | | |
| 10% Strain | R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 | | | |
| Strain @ Ultimate Tensile Strength | R - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 | | | |
| Tear Strength (lbs) | | | | |
| Machine Direction | R - 5 | ASTM D4533 | | |
| Cross Direction | R - 5 | | | |
| Soil-Geosynthetic Friction | R - 1, 2, 3 | ASTM D6706 | ASTM D6706 | |
| Creep Resistance-T _{creep} (lbs/ft) | R - 2, 3, 4 | ASTM D5262 | ASTM D5262 | |
| Creep Reduction Factor (Tult/Tcreep) | R - 2, 3, 4 | | | |
| Installation Damage (RFc) | | | | |
| Sand | R - 2, 3, 4 | GRI: GT7 | GRI: GG4(a) & GG4(b) | |
| Limestone | R - 2, 3, 4 | | | |
| Durability (RF _d) | | | | |
| Chemical | R - 2, 3, 4 | GRI: GT7 | GRI: GG4(a) & GG4(b) | |
| Biological | R - 2, 3, 4 | GRI: GT7 | GRI: GG4(a) & GG4(b) | |

| Table 3 Test Methods and Requirements for Structural Geosynthetics | | | |
|--|------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| l est Methods ar | a Requirements i | or Structural Geosynthe | etics |
| Property/Test Method Structural Type | | Test Methods for Woven Geotextiles | Test Methods for Woven or Extruded Geogrids |
| Joint Strength (RF _j) | | | |
| Mechanical | R - 2, 3 | GRI: GT7 | GRI: GG4(a) & GG4(b) |
| Sewn | R - 2, 3 | ASTM D4884 | |

985-2.3 Overlaps and Seams: Overlaps shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations unless specified otherwise in the Contract Documents for a particular application. To reduce overlaps, the geosynthetic material may be sewn together in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Sew the seams with thread meeting the chemical requirements and minimum seam strength requirements in Tables 1.1, 1.2 and 3.

985-2.4 Packaging and Labeling: Geosynthetics shall be packaged in a protective covering sufficient to protect the material from temperatures greater than 140 F, sunlight, dirt, and other debris during shipment and storage. The manufacturer's name, product name, style number, roll dimensions and LOT numbers must be clearly labeled on all packaging.

985-3 Product Acceptance and Certification.

985-3.1 Product Acceptance: All geosynthetic materials shall be one of the products listed on the Department's Approved Product List (APL). Manufacturers seeking evaluation of products must submit an application in accordance with Section 6 and include independently certified test reports that the material meets the physical requirements of this Section. Products will be listed on the APL according to geosynthetic application type. Structural geosynthetics are listed with property values.

985-3.2 Certification: The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a certification from the manufacturer confirming that the material meets the requirements of this Section and is appropriate for the intended use. The manufacturer shall also provide two 8 inch by 10 inch samples of the geosynthetic material for product identification. The manufacturer's certification shall be attested to by a person having legal authority to bind the manufacturing company.

The manufacturer shall maintain test records as required by this Specification and these records shall be made available to the Department upon request.

985-4 Applications.

985-4.1 Nonstructural:

985-4.1.1 Drainage: Select geotextile materials that meet the required permeability and AOS based on test results on the soil or fill adjacent to the geotextile for gradation. Materials for drainage applications must be tested in accordance with and meet the physical requirements in 985-2.2, Table 1.1.

| | Drainage Applications | |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Geotextile Type | Description | Design Standards Index No. |

| Drainage Applications | | |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Geotextile Type | Description | Design Standards Index No. |
| D-1 | Revetment (Special) | |
| | Revetment (Standard) | |
| | Articulating Block | |
| | Gabions | 281 |
| D-2 | Rock, Rubble, and Broken Concrete | |
| | Ditch Pavement (Rubble Riprap) | 281 |
| | Joint Cover for Mechanically Stabilized Retaining Wall | |
| | Supporting Spread Footing Foundations | |
| | Underdrain | 286 |
| | French Drain | 285 |
| D-3 | Sheet Piling Filter | |
| | Filter Fabric Jacket (Culvert) | 280 |
| | Concrete Pavement Subdrainage | 287 |
| D-4/6 | Slope Pavement | |
| | Ditch Pavement (Sand-Cement Riprap or Concrete) | 281 |
| D 5 | Mechanically Stabilized Retaining Wall (Joint Cover) | 548 |
| D-5 | Cast-In-Place Retaining Wall | |

985-4.1.2 Erosion Control: Materials used for erosion control applications must be tested in accordance with and meet the physical requirements in 985-2.2, Table 2.

| Erosion Control Applications | | |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| Туре | Description | |
| E-1 | Staked Silt Fence | |
| E-2 | Wind Screen | |
| E-3 | Plastic Erosion Mat (Turf Reinforcement Mat) (Type 1) | |
| E-4 | Plastic Erosion Mat (Turf Reinforcement Mat) (Type 2) | |
| E-5 | Plastic Erosion Mat (Turf Reinforcement Mat) (Type 3) | |

985-4.2 Structural:

985-4.2.1 Reinforcement, Separation and Stabilization: Materials for reinforcement, separation and stabilization applications must be tested in accordance with and meet the physical requirements in 985-2.2, Table 3.

| Reinforcement, Separation and Stabilization Applications | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Туре | Description |
| R-1 | Geosynthetic Reinforced Soil (GRS) |

| R-2 | Reinforcement of Foundations over Soft Soils |
|-----|--|
| R-3 | Steepened Slopes |
| R-4 | Reinforced Embankment |
| R-5 | Construction Expedient |