SECTION 930 MATERIALS FOR CONCRETE REPAIR

930-1 Description.

This Section covers cementitious materials used to repair concrete including defects or purposely placed openings in concrete elements. Materials containing organic compounds, such as bitumens and epoxy resin as the principal binder are not included. The requirements for epoxy resin materials are covered in Section 926. Any depth larger than the manufacturer's recommendation for the specific material shall be repaired with portland cement concrete meeting the requirements of Section 346.

930-2 Product Acceptance on the Project.

930-2.1 Product Acceptance: Use only products listed on the Department's Qualified Products List (QPL). Manufacturers seeking evaluation of products must submit an application in accordance with Section 6 and include independently certified test reports that the material meets the requirements of this Section. The application package must describe detailed quality control requirements for installation including, but not limited to: maximum water to cementitious material ratio, formulation for two or more component systems, special materials and/or equipment, recommendations for all surface preparation, and curing requirements.

Provide the Engineer certification conforming to the requirements of Section 6 from the manufacturer confirming that the materials used meets the requirements of this Section and is the appropriate product for the intended use.

When specified in the Contract Documents, furnish a report of test results from an independent laboratory on samples taken from material shipped. Ensure the test was performed within 45 days prior to the shipping date of the material.

930-2.2 Material Supply, Storage, and Marking: The material shall be preproportioned including aggregate. Deliver products in original, unopened containers with manufacturer's name, date of manufacture, and clearly marked with all information described below. Store the material in an elevated dry and weather protected enclosure in full compliance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Material must be used within manufacturer's recommended shelf life.

The material from which the containers are made shall have water vapor transmission not greater than 100 g/m^2 in 24 hours as determined in accordance with Procedure B of ASTM E96.

All containers shall be marked with the following information:

- (a) LOT identification number and material expiration date
- (b) Directions for use shall include but are not limited to the following:
- (1) The type and kind of adhesive recommended (if any) to bond fresh repair material to the concrete or mortar being repaired.
- (2) The recommended amount of resin, other liquid component, or both, to be mixed with the package contents.
- (3) The recommended length of mixing time or sequence of mixing and resting times in minutes.
 - (c) Date the material was packaged.
- (d) The yield in cubic feet or yield in ft²/in thickness when mixed with the recommended amount of liquid.
- (e) The net weight in each container. The contents of any container shall not vary by more than 2% from the weight stated in the declarations. The average weight of filled containers in a LOT shall be not less than the individual weight stated in the declarations.

- (f) Instructions for the maximum and minimum water (or solutions) to cementitious material ratio.
 - (g) State the approximate working time.
- 930-2.3 Sampling, Mixing, and Additional Testing: A LOT is the packaged repair material normally placed on a pallet. A unit sample is a single container or package of material randomly selected from the LOT. Mix and install the materials in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Manufacturers will be required to provide field representation upon request by the Engineer. The Department reserves the right to conduct further field testing on any approved material.
- 930-2.4 Rejection: All broken containers will be rejected. Material that fails to meet any of the requirements of this Specification will be rejected. Report all materials failing to meet this specification and state the reasons for rejection in writing to the Engineer and the producer or supplier. Material in local storage in the hands of a vendor for more than six months after testing will be retested before use, except for the scaling resistance test and length change immersed in sulfate solution test for magnesium ammonium phosphate concrete. Retested material will be rejected if it fails to conform to any of the requirements of this Specification.

930-3 Laboratory Specimen Preparation:

- **930-3.1 Mixing and Fabrication:** Mechanically mix the dry packaged materials with liquid components in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- **930-3.2 Length Change:** Make and cure the test specimens in accordance with ASTM C157, except omit the curing period in Section 10.3; however both 11.1.1 and 11.1.2 shall apply for 28 day curing period.
- 930-3.3 Manifestly Faulty Specimens: Visually examine each group of specimens representing a given test or a given age of test, including tests of freshly mixed concrete, before or during the test, or both, whichever is appropriate. Discard any specimen found to be manifestly faulty by such examination without testing. Visually examine all specimens representing a given test at a given age after testing, and should any specimen be found to be manifestly faulty the test results thereof shall be disregarded. Should more than one specimen representing a given test at a given age be found manifestly faulty either before or after testing, the entire test shall be disregarded and repeated. The test result reported shall be the average of the individual test results of the specimens tested or, in the event that one specimen or one result has been discarded, it shall be the average of the test results of the remaining specimens.

930-4 Materials for Repair of Predominately Horizontal Surfaces.

- 930-4.1 General: This material is intended to be used to repair concrete where the area to be treated will be on a horizontal surface. Examples of the type of locations for these materials are bridge decks, portland cement concrete pavements and other locations required by the Contract Documents. Follow the manufacturer's recommendations for preparing the surfaces, mixing, placing, and curing the repair material unless otherwise directed in the Contract Documents.
- **930-4.2 Classification:** The materials to be considered under this classification shall meet the following requirements:
- **930-4.2.1 Rapid Hardening:** Moderate compressive strength for repairing concrete with an in-place compressive strength less than or equal to 4,000 psi.
- **930-4.2.2 Very Rapid Hardening:** High compressive strength for repairing concrete with an in-place compressive strength greater than 4,000 psi. This material may be used in lieu of Rapid Hardening materials.

930-4.3 Physical Properties: The repair material shall meet or exceed the physical properties stated in Table 1 as determined by the specified test methods.

Table 1 - Physical Proper	ties of Repair Materia	als for Horizontal Surf	faces	
Requirement	Test Method	Rapid Hardening	Very Rapid Hardening	
Minimum Compressive Strength, psi				
3 hours		N/A	2,000	
24 hours	ASTM C39* or	2,000	4,000	
7 days	ASTM C39* or ASTM C109*	4,000	6,000	
28 days		Greater than or equal to strength at 7 days.		
Ma	ximum Length Chang	se, %		
Allowable expansion at 28 days when water cured compared to length at one day	ASTM C157**	0.12	0.12	
Allowable shrinkage at 28 days when air cured compared to length at one day		-0.12	-0.12	
Allowable difference between increase in water and decrease in air		0.20	0.20	
Minimum Slump (Concrete), inches	ASTM C143***	3	3	
Minimum Flow (Mortar), %	ASTM C1437***	100	80	
Time of Setting (Initial), minutes	ASTM C191* or ASTM C403*	Minimum 30	10 to 29	
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion, in/in/°F	ASTM C531* or AASHTO T336	5.0 x 10 ⁻⁶ to 9.0 x 10 ⁻⁶	5.0 x 10 ⁻⁶ to 9.0 x 10 ⁻⁶	
Minimum 1	Bond Strength by Slan	nt Shear, psi		
24 hours		400	450	
7 days	FM 5-587	Greater than or equal to strength 24 hours.		
Maximum Allowable Total Chlorides lbs/yd ³	FM 5-516	0.40		

^{*} as applicable

930-4.4 Specimen Preparation:

930-4.4.1 Flow/Slump: Testing for flow/slump will be completed in 5 minutes, plus or minus 1/2 minutes, after the start of mixing liquid with the Rapid Hardening materials or 15 minutes, plus or minus 1/2 minutes, after mixing the liquid with the very rapid hardening materials.

^{**} Make and cure the test specimens in accordance with ASTM C-157, except omit the curing period in Section 10.3; however both 11.1.1 and 11.1.2 shall apply for 28 day curing period.

^{***} Testing for flow/slump will be completed in 5 plus or minus 1/2 minutes after the start of mixing liquid with the Rapid Hardening materials or 15 plus or minus 1/2 minutes after mixing the liquid with the Very Rapid Hardening materials.

930-5 Materials for Repair of Predominately Vertical Surfaces.

930-5.1 General: This material is intended to be used to repair concrete where the area exposed in the field to be treated will be on a vertical surface. If an element has both horizontal and vertical surfaces, then the repair used will be for vertical surfaces. If it is not apparent which material is to be used, the vertical application will prevail. Examples of the type of locations for these materials are columns, caps, beams, piles, incidental concrete products, drainage structures and other locations required by the Contract Documents. Follow the manufacturer's recommendations for preparing the surfaces and for mixing, placing and curing the repair material.

930-5.2 Classification: The materials to be considered under this classification shall meet the following requirements:

930-5.2.1 High Performance: Moderate compressive strength for repairing concrete with a designed compressive strength greater than or equal to 5,000 psi.

930-5.2.2 Ultra-high Performance: High compressive strength for repairing concrete with a designed compressive strength greater than 5,000 psi. These materials may be used in lieu of high performance vertical materials.

930-5.3 Physical Properties: The repair material shall meet or exceed the physical properties stated in Table 2 as determined by the specified test methods.

Table 2 - Physical Prope	rties of Repair Materia	als for Vertical Sur	rfaces*	
Requirement	Test Method	High	Ultra-high	
		Performance	Performance	
Minimu	ım Compressive Stren	gth, psi		
24 hours	ASTM C39** or	1,000	2,000	
7 days		N/A	5,000	
	ASTM C109**	5,000	Greater than or	
28 days	ASTWICIO)		equal to strength at	
			7 days	
Max	kimum Length Change	2, %		
Allowable expansion at 28 days				
when water cured compared to		0.12	0.12	
length at one day	ASTM C157**			
Allowable shrinkage at 28 days when	7101111 0137			
air cured compared to length at one		-0.08	-0.08	
day				
Maximum Slump (Concrete), inches	ASTM C143	3****	3****	
Maximum Flow (Mortar), %	ASTM C1437	100****	100****	
Time of Setting (Initial), minutes	ASTM C191** or ASTM C403**	10 to 180****	10 to 180****	
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion, in/in/°F	ASTM C531*** or AASHTO T336***	5.0×10^{-6} to 9.0×10^{-6}		
Minimum F	Bond Strength by Slan	t Shear, psi,		
24 hours	FM 5-587	450	750	
7 days		750.	750	
Minimum Flexural Strength (at	ASTM C580	500	700	

7 days), psi			
Maximum Absorption (Mortar at 7 days), %	ASTM C413	4	4
Minimum Surface Resistivity (Concrete at 28 days), KOhm-cm	FM 5-578	N/A	22
Maximum Allowable Total Chlorides lbs/yd ³	FM 5-516	0.40	

^{*} Use cement based materials modified with polymers and silica fume for extremely aggressive environments

** Make and cure the test specimens in accordance with ASTM C157, except omit the curing period in Section 10.3;
however both 11.1.1 and 11.1.2 shall apply for 28 day curing period.

930-6 Material for Repair of Concrete in High Stress Concentration Areas.

930-6.1 General: This material is intended to be used to repair block-outs and voids in post-tensioned elements, load bearing area of a beam, and other locations required by the Contract Documents. This material may be used for the repair of horizontal or vertical surfaces. Follow the manufacturer's recommendations for preparing the surfaces and for mixing, placing and curing the concrete. This material shall be a magnesium ammonium phosphate based concrete (MAPC).

930-6.2 Physical Properties: The MAPC material shall meet or exceed physical properties stated in Table 3 as determined by the specified standard test methods.

Table 3 - Physical Properties of Repair Material in High Stress Areas			
Requirement	Test Method	Test Value	
Minimum Compressive Strength (at 28 days), psi	ASTM C109*	8,500	
Minimum Flexural Strength (at 28 days), psi	ASTM C348*	600	
Minimum Slant Shear Bond (at 14 days), psi	FM 5-587*	2,500	
Time of Setting (Initial), minutes	ASTM C191**	15 to 60	
Maximum Scaling Resistance	ASTM C672	No scaling	
Maximum Length Change, %			
Allowable expansion at 28 days when water cured compared to length at one day	A CITY & C1 57444	0.03	
Allowable shrinkage at 28 days when air cured compared to length at one day	ASTM C157***	-0.03	
Maximum Allowable Total Chlorides lbs/yd ³	FM 5-516	0.40	

^{*} The test methods for compressive strength (ASTM C109), flexural strength (ASTM C348), and Slant Shear Bond (FM 5-587) shall be modified so that the specimens are air cured instead of moist cured. All of these samples shall be air cured until the time of testing..

^{***} As applicable

^{****} For pump and pour applications, the maximum flow, slump and time of setting can be adjusted according to the manufacturer's recommendation.

^{**} Initial time of set for MAPC will be tested in accordance with ASTM C191 with the following modification. The initial time of set shall be tested at 95° plus or minus 5°F.

^{***} Make and cure the test specimens in accordance with ASTM C-157, except omit the curing period in Section 10.3; however both 11.1.1 and 11.1.2 shall apply for 28 day curing period.

930-6.3 Specimen Requirements:

930-6.3.1 Curing of Compressive Strength, Flexural Strength and Slant Shear Bond Specimens: The test methods for compressive strength (ASTM C109), flexural strength (ASTM C348), and Slant Shear Bond (FM 5-587) shall be modified so that the specimens are air cured instead of moist cured. All of these samples shall be air cured until the time of testing.

930-6.3.2 Time of Setting: Initial time of set for MAPC will be tested in accordance with ASTM C191 with the following modification. The initial time of set shall be tested at 95°F, plus or minus 5°F.

930-7 Special Fillers.

- **930-7.1 General:** This material is intended to be used as filler material and for rapid repairs to pile jacket structures and other locations specified in the Plans when no design mix concrete is available or a special filler is specified in the Contract Documents. Meet the requirements of Section 457 for preparing the surfaces, placing, testing and curing the concrete. Mix the material in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- **930-7.2 Classification:** The materials to be considered under this classification shall meet the following requirements:
- **930-7.2.1 Cathodic Protection (CP) Filler:** Provide cementitious based materials with a minimum cement content of 900 pounds of cement per cubic yard of mix. Material formulation must not contain fly ash, slag, silica fume or other mineral admixtures which may produce increased electrical resistance. The material shall not contain any substances corrosive to metals.
- **930-7.2.2 Non-Cathodic Protection (Non-CP) Filler:** Provide cementitious based materials with a minimum cement content of 650 pounds of cement per cubic yard of mix. The material shall not contain any substances corrosive to metals.
- **930-7.2.3 Extended Materials:** Where concrete filler materials are specified, approved mortar materials may be extended using size number 89 gradation aggregates from a certified FDOT approved source.
- **930-7.3 Physical Properties:** The repair material shall meet or exceed the physical properties stated in Table 4 as determined by the specified standard test methods. If extended, materials shall meet the minimum requirements of Table 4.

Table 4 - Physical Properties of Special Fillers			
Requirement	Test Method	Cathodic Protection	Non- Cathodic Protection
Minimum Compressive Strength, psi			
24 hours	ASTM C39* or ASTM C109*	1,500	2,000
28 days		5,000	5,000
Maximum Length Change, %			
Allowable expansion at 28 days when water cured compared to length at one day	ASTM C157**	0.12	0.12

	-0.12	-0.12
	0.20	0.20
ASTM C143	7-9	7-9
ASTM C1437	100	100
ASTM C191* or ASTM C403*	200 to 400	200 to 400
FM 5-587	450	450
ASTM C580	700	700
ASTM C307	200	200
FM 5-578	15 or less	22 or greater
FM 5-516 0.40		
	ASTM C1437 ASTM C191* or ASTM C403* FM 5-587 ASTM C580 ASTM C307 FM 5-578	0.20 ASTM C143 7-9 ASTM C1437 100 ASTM C191* or ASTM C403* FM 5-587 450 ASTM C580 700 ASTM C307 200 FM 5-578 15 or less

^{*} as applicable

930-7.4 Constructability: Furnish to the Engineer for approval shop drawing as may be required to complete repairs in compliance with the design shown in the Plans and the manufacturer's recommended repair system.

^{**} Make and cure the test specimens in accordance with ASTM C157, except omit the curing period in Section 10.3; however both 11.1.1 and 11.1.2 shall apply for 28 day curing period.