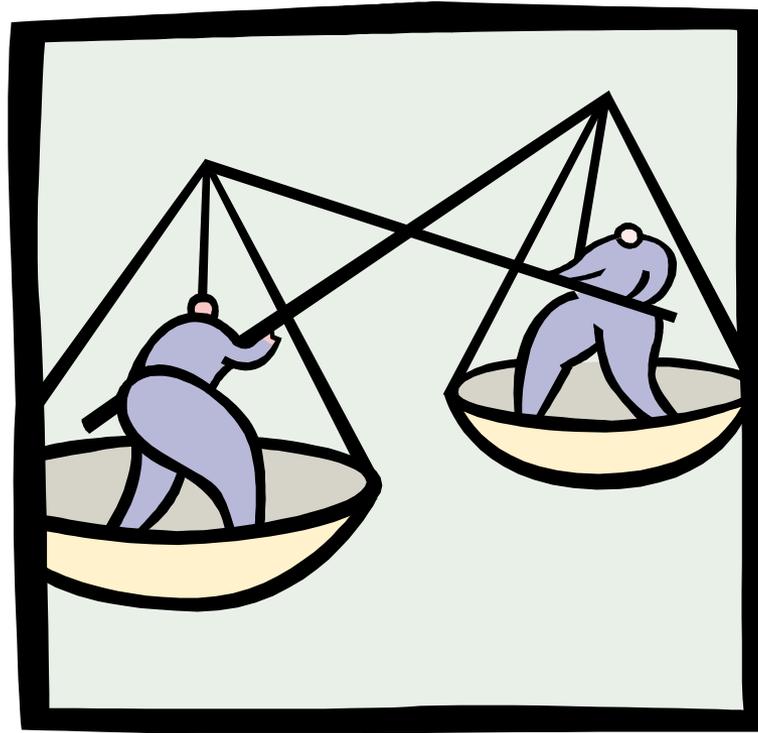


Mile Posts on Construction Plans

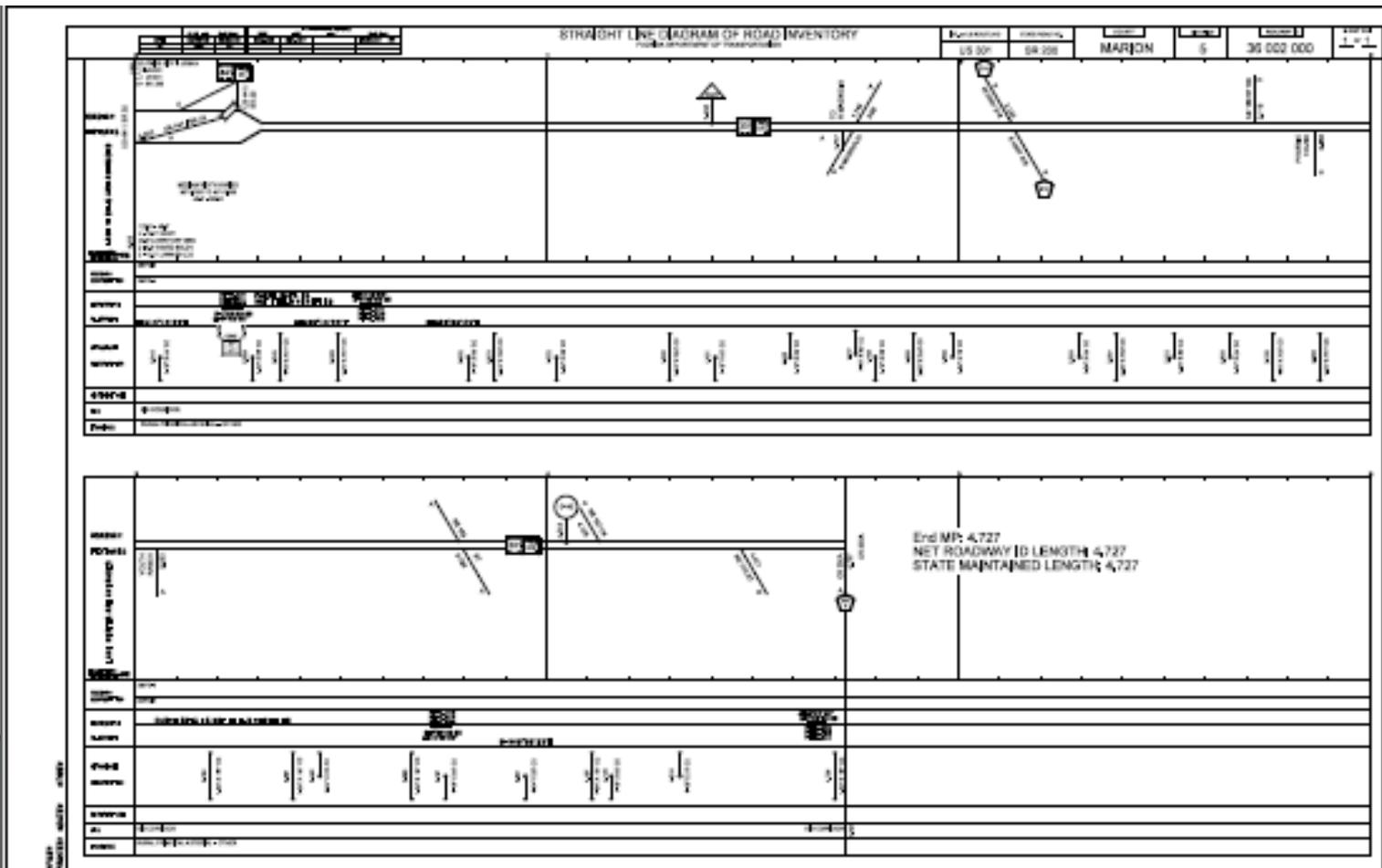


Aren't Mileposts And Stations The Same?



Where do M.P. come from?

- ▶ Most of the plan milepost data is “designed” from our straight-line diagrams.



What do we know about SLD's?



- ▶ RCI Planning Data Handbook

(July 2013)

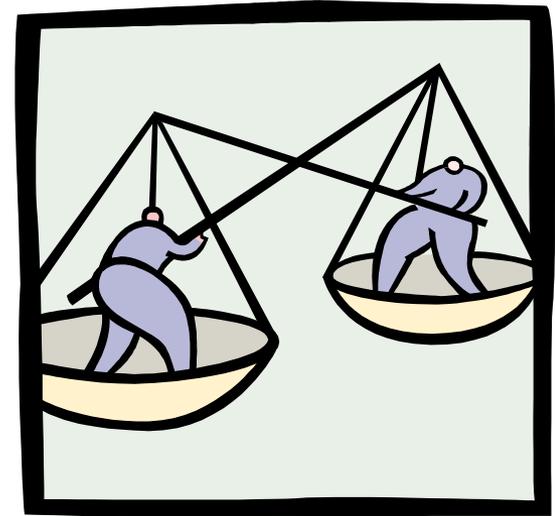
- Urban / Rural Milepost Tolerances

- The maximum allowable deviation inside an urban area boundary is 0.010 mile (+/- 53 feet). The maximum allowable milepost deviation is 0.050 mile (+/- 264 feet) outside an urban area boundary (rural area).

- http://www.dot.state.fl.us/planning/statistics/rci/rcid_atahandbook.pdf

Mileposts = Stations?

- ▶ Station 0+00 to Station 52+80 = 5,280 feet
- ▶ What about mile posts?
- ▶ A mile equals a mile, right?



- ▶ Mile Post 0.000 to Milepost 1.000 =
1.0 = 5,280 feet (+/- 264 feet in rural areas)
5,016 feet = < 1.0 mile = < 5,544 feet
- ▶ Mile Post 0.000 to Milepost 1.000 =
1.0 = 5,280 feet (+/- 53 feet in urban areas)
5,227 feet = < 1.0 mile = < 5,333 feet



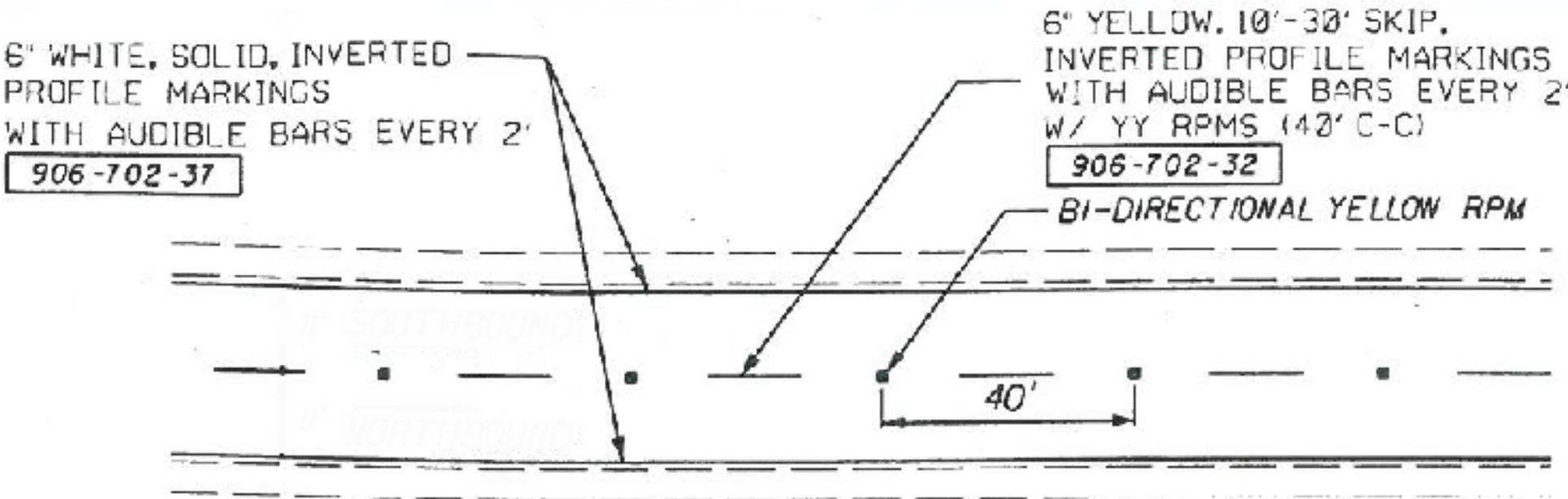
- ▶ So now that we know the accuracy of the mileposts, lets take a look at some real world examples of where they shows up



Example #1

- ▶ The project only included restriping of a two lane roadway for safety upgrades.
 - ▶ The passing zones were called out in mileposts.
 - ▶ Did not start or finish at a joint or intersection.
- 

Example #1

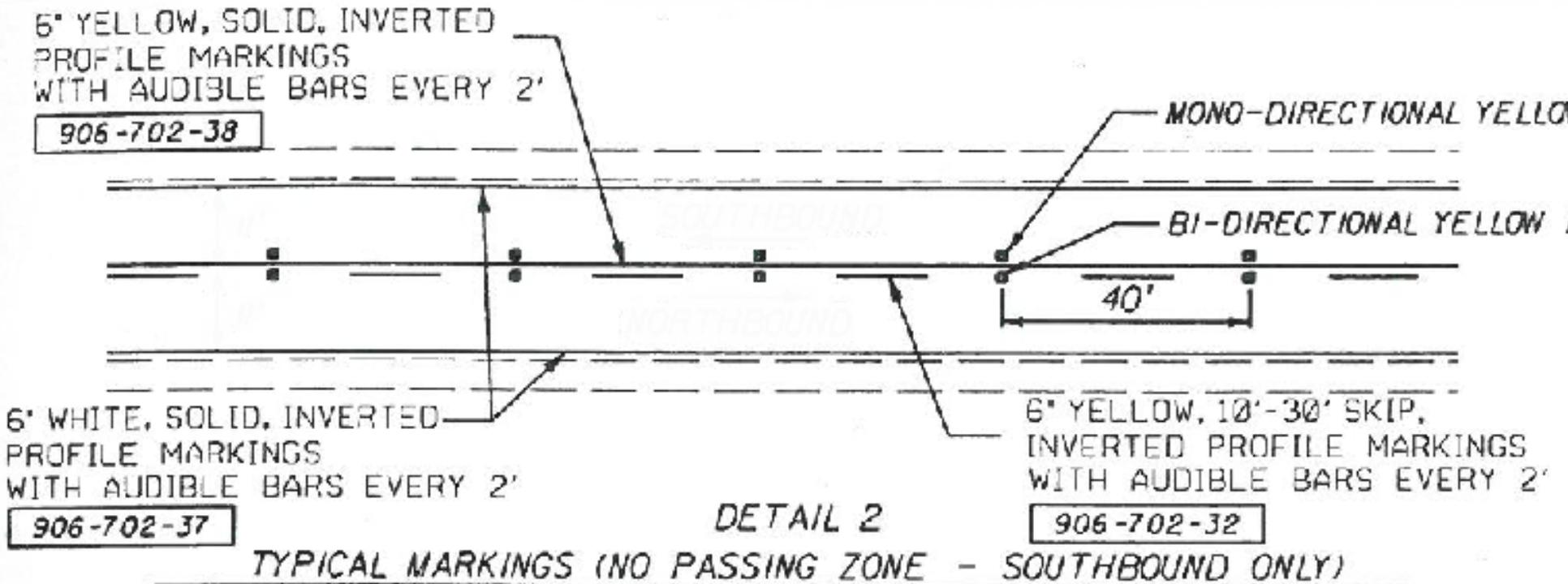


DETAIL 4
TYPICAL MARKINGS (PASSING ZONE - NORTHBOUND AND SOUTHBOUND)

N.T.S.

M.P. 5.175 TO M.P. 5.417	M.P. 8.429 TO M.P. 8.982	M.P. 10.235 TO M.P. 10.487
M.P. 6.125 TO M.P. 6.293	M.P. 9.375 TO M.P. 9.917	M.P. 11.115 TO M.P. 11.465
M.P. 6.875 TO M.P. 7.277		M.P. 11.817 TO M.P. 11.928

Example #1



N.T.S.

M.P. 5.417 TO M.P. 5.450
M.P. 6.293 TO M.P. 6.415
M.P. 7.277 TO M.P. 7.340
M.P. 8.370 TO M.P. 8.429

M.P. 8.982 TO M.P. 9.000
M.P. 9.917 TO M.P. 9.990
M.P. 10.487 TO M.P. 10.500
M.P. 11.775 TO M.P. 11.817

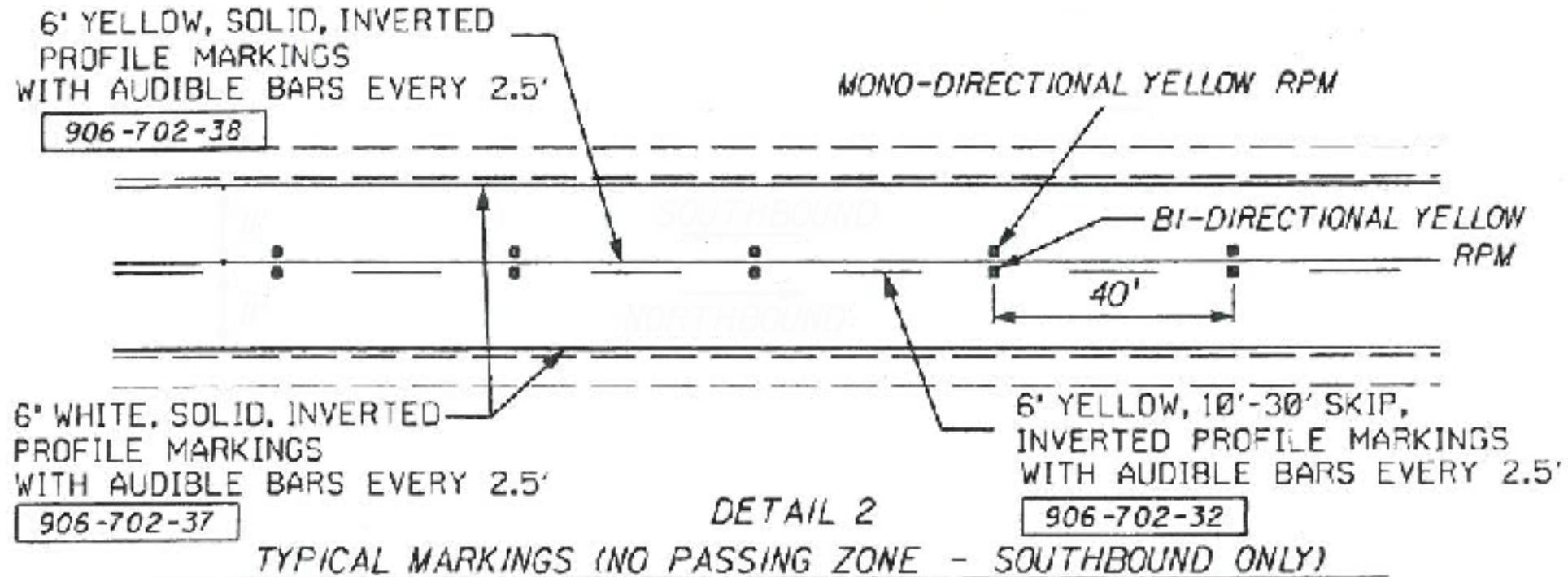
Project Issues

- ▶ Layout started becoming a problem
 - Lengths would not fit between side streets
 - Passing Zone would not fit within the available areas
 - Passing Zones extended farther onto vertical curves

Example #1

- ▶ The actual layout in the field created sight-distance issues due to vertical curves
 - ▶ The plan revisions were changed to linear measured from the beginning joint of the project to ease layout
- 

Example #1

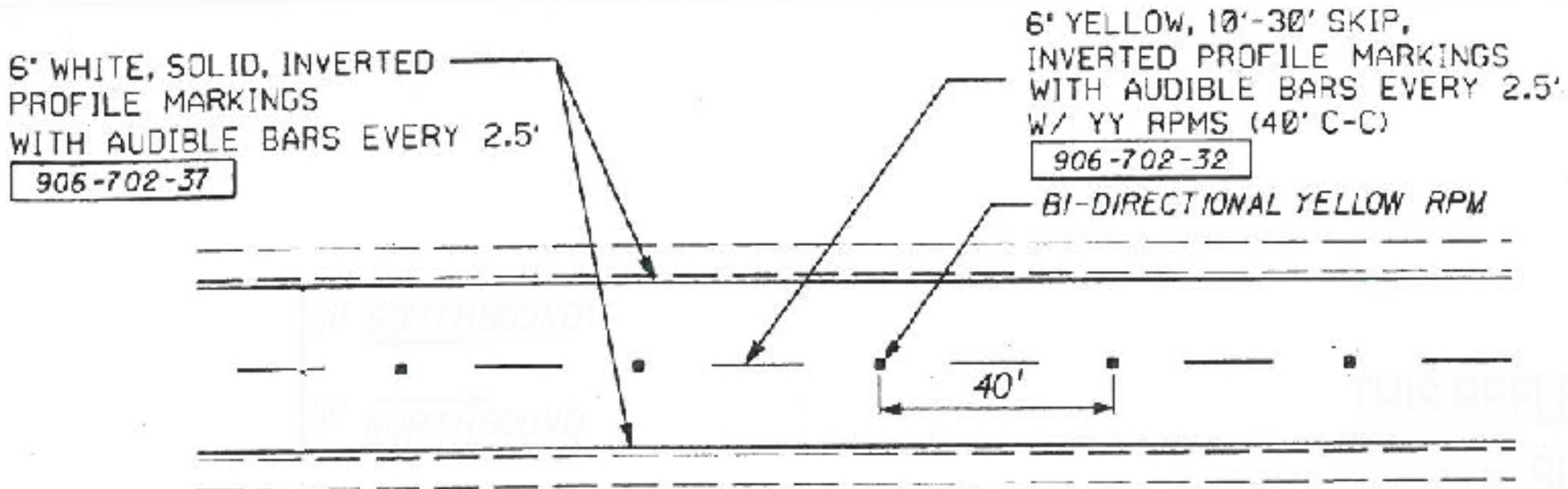


N.T.S.

2

6448' TO 7831'
18377' TO 18635'

Example #1



DETAIL 4
TYPICAL MARKINGS (PASSING ZONE - NORTHBOUND AND SOUTHBOUND)

- 2
- 1246' TO 2542'
 - 10241' TO 12349'
 - 18635' TO 20822'
- N.T.S.
- 22815' TO 26230'
 - 32363' TO 34405'

Example #2

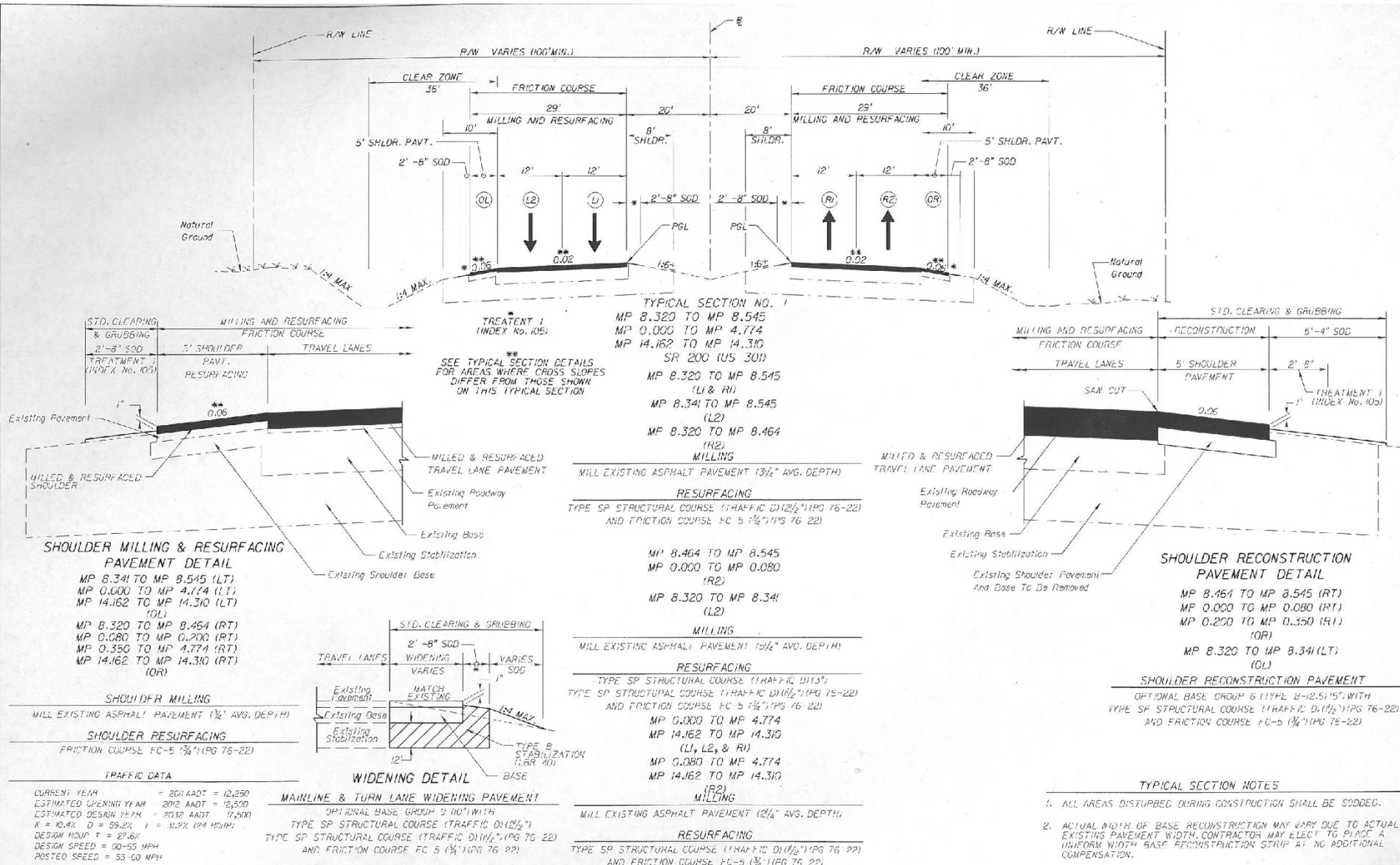
- ▶ Approx 7 miles of Roadway
 - ▶ Mill & Resurface
 - ▶ Multiple Milling Depths
 - ▶ Cross Slope Correction
- 

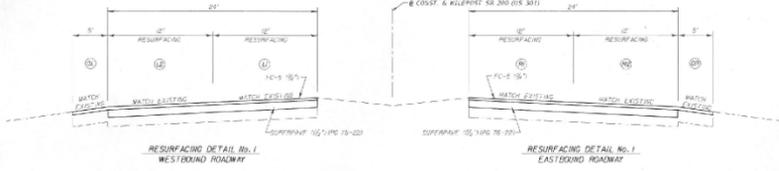
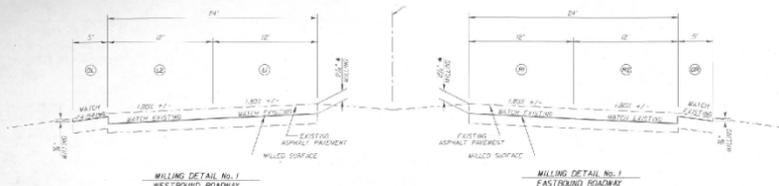
Example #2

▶ Project Highlights

- Project does not begin or end at a known pavement joint
 - 8 Different Milling / Paving Typical Sections
 - Cross slope corrections
 - 2 Different milepost equations over 3 road sections
- 

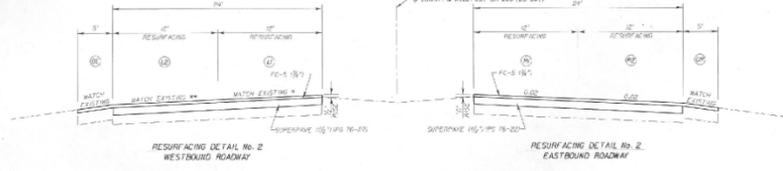
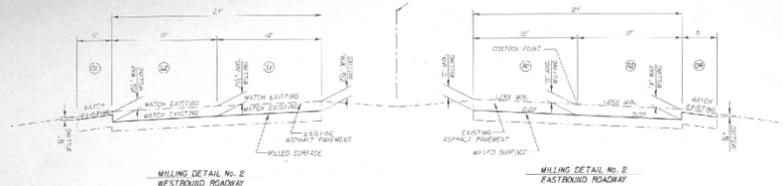
Example #2





WESTBOUND MILLING & RESURFACING DETAIL LIMITS		EASTBOUND MILLING & RESURFACING DETAIL LIMITS	
MP 8.36 TO MP 8.545	MP 8.34 TO MP 8.545	MP 8.320 TO MP 8.464	MP 8.320 TO MP 8.464
MP 0.000 TO MP 0.548	MP 0.000 TO MP 0.548	MP 0.000 TO MP 0.509	MP 0.000 TO MP 0.509
MP 5.047 TO MP 4.274	MP 5.047 TO MP 4.274	MP 2.405 TO MP 3.205	MP 2.405 TO MP 3.205
MP 14.62 TO MP 14.30	MP 14.62 TO MP 14.30	MP 14.28 TO MP 14.30	MP 14.28 TO MP 14.30

* DENOTES 2 1/2" MILL 2 1/2" SUPERPAVE 10S 76-221 AND 3/4" FC-5 (1 1/2, 2, 3, 4)



WESTBOUND MILLING & RESURFACING DETAIL LIMITS		EASTBOUND MILLING & RESURFACING DETAIL LIMITS	
MP 0.276 TO MP 1.820 *	MP 0.276 TO MP 1.820 *	MP 0.276 TO MP 1.820 *	MP 0.276 TO MP 1.820 *
MP 3.047 TO MP 4.524 **	MP 3.047 TO MP 4.524 **	MP 3.047 TO MP 4.524 **	MP 3.047 TO MP 4.524 **

* CROSS SLOPE VARIES FROM 1.65% TO 1.85%
** CROSS SLOPE VARIES FROM 3.05% TO 2.95%

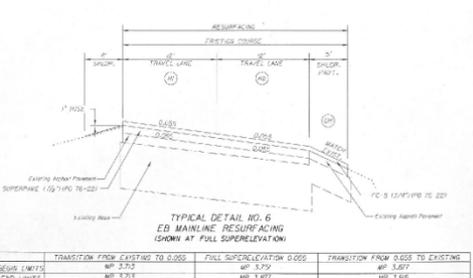
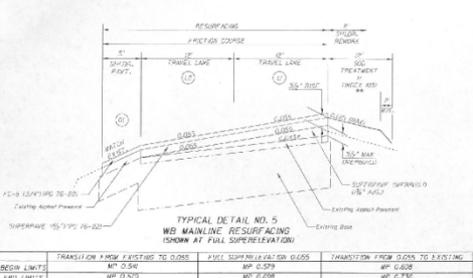
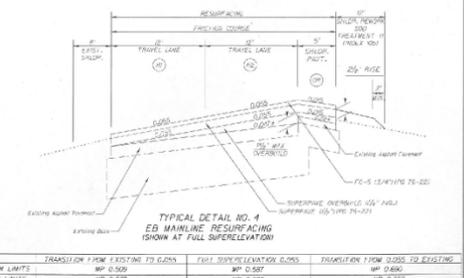
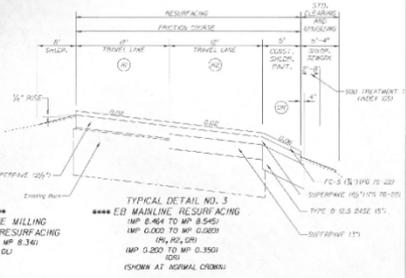
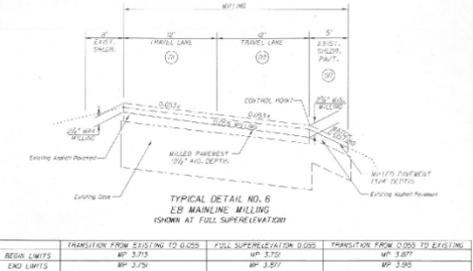
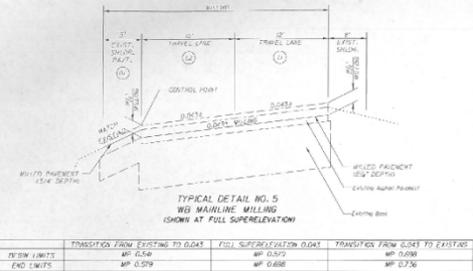
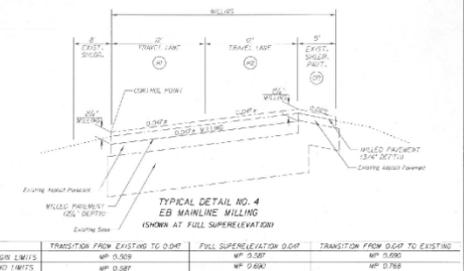
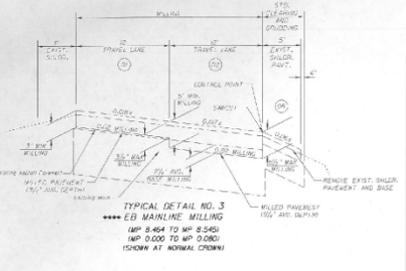
GRADE	DEPTH	GRADE	DEPTH
1/2"	2 1/2"	1/2"	2 1/2"
3/4"	2 1/2"	3/4"	2 1/2"
1"	2 1/2"	1"	2 1/2"
1 1/2"	2 1/2"	1 1/2"	2 1/2"

DATE	REVISION	BY	DESCRIPTION

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		TYPICAL SECTION DETAILS		SHEET NO.
PROJECT NO.	CONTRACT	SECTION		

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		TYPICAL SECTION DETAILS		SHEET NO.
PROJECT NO.	CONTRACT	SECTION		

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		TYPICAL SECTION DETAILS		SHEET NO.
PROJECT NO.	CONTRACT	SECTION		

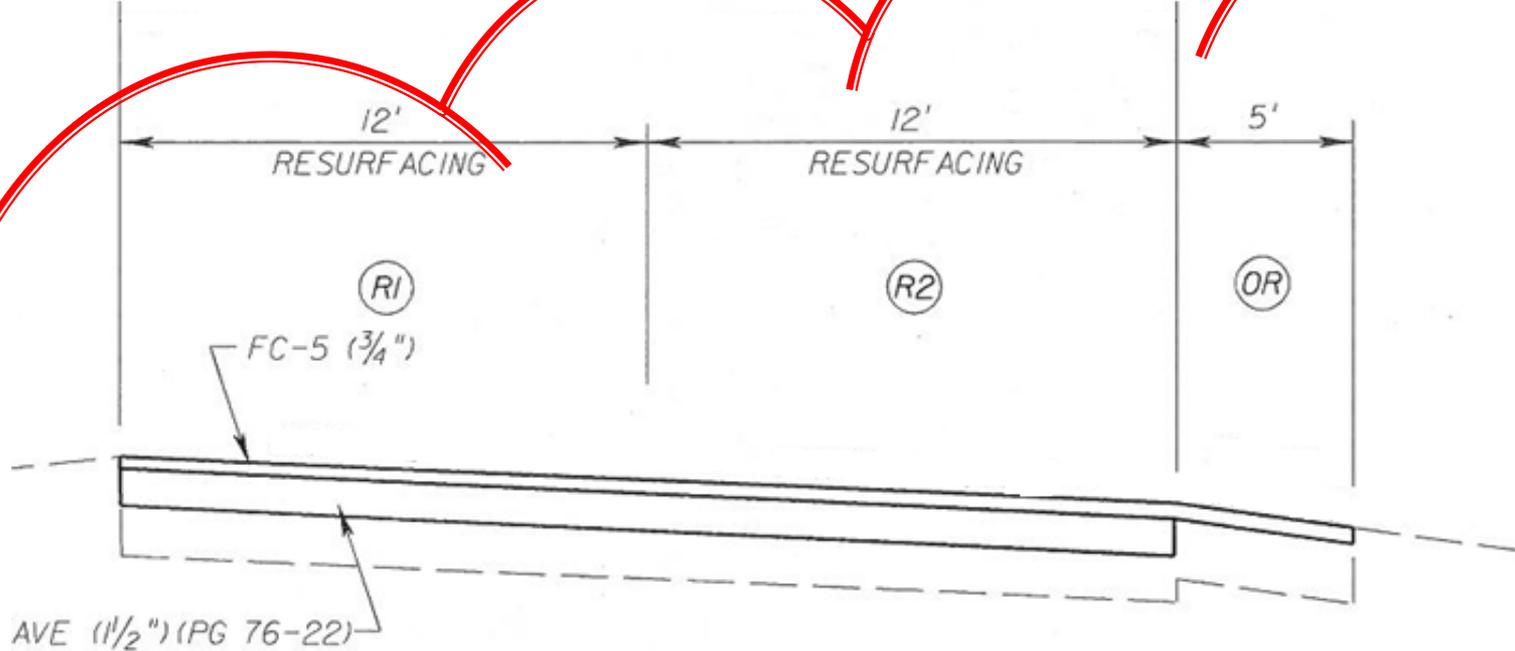


STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		TYPICAL SECTION DETAILS		SHEET NO.
PROJECT NO.	CONTRACT	SECTION		

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		TYPICAL SECTION DETAILS		SHEET NO.
PROJECT NO.	CONTRACT	SECTION		

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		TYPICAL SECTION DETAILS		SHEET NO.
PROJECT NO.	CONTRACT	SECTION		

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		TYPICAL SECTION DETAILS		SHEET NO.
PROJECT NO.	CONTRACT	SECTION		



RESURFACING DETAIL No. 1
EASTBOUND ROADWAY

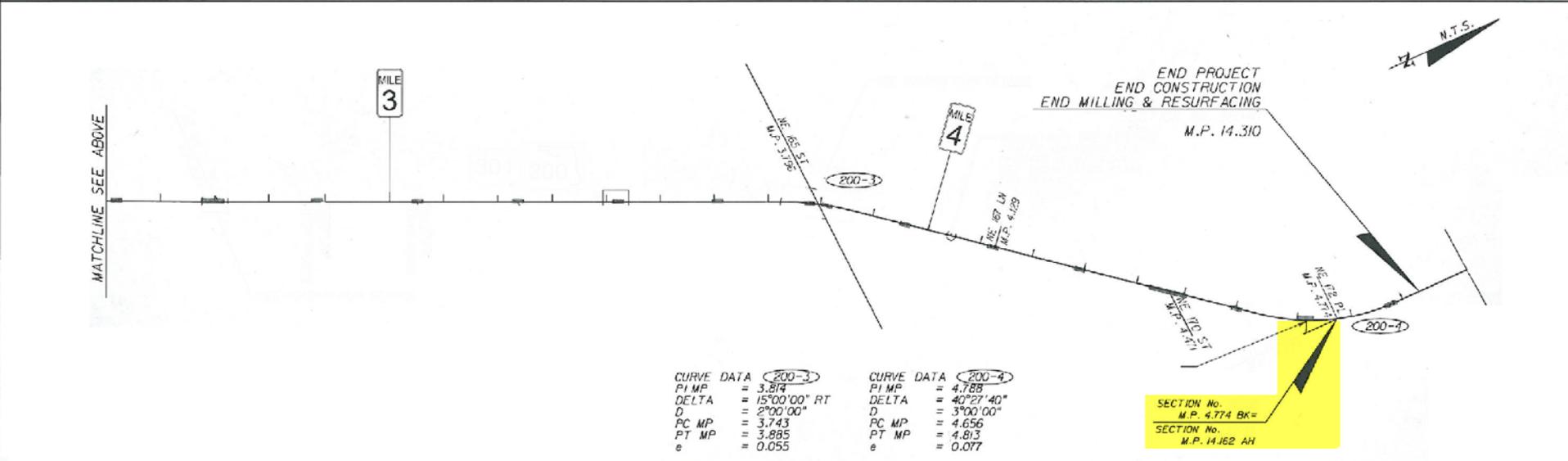
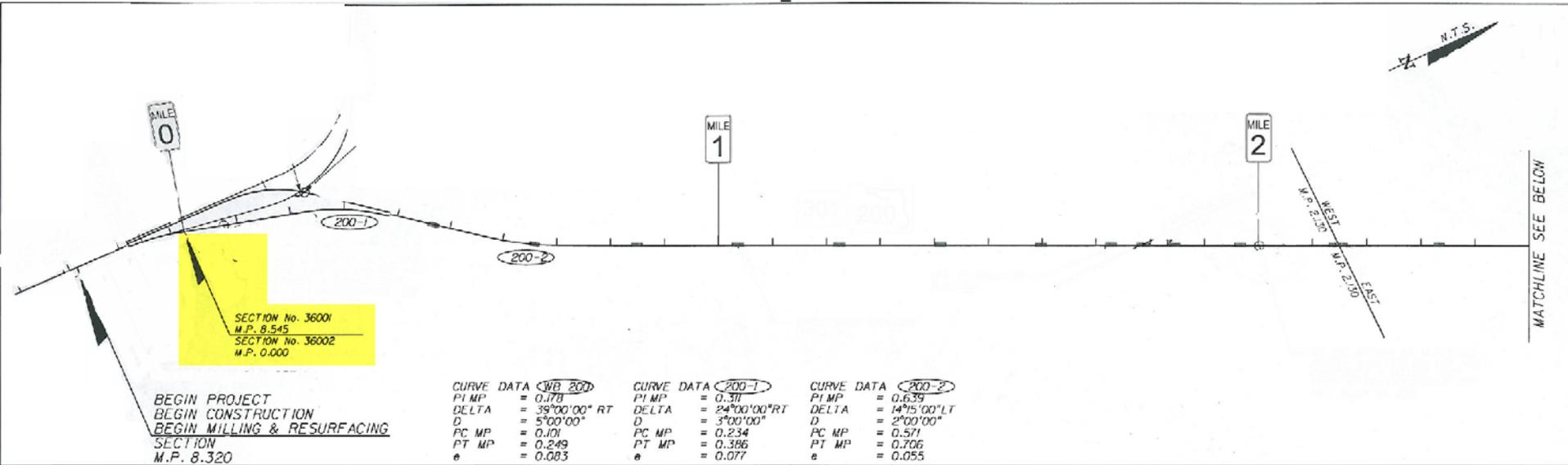
EASTBOUND MILLING & RESURFACING
DETAIL LIMITS

(R1)	(R2)	(OR)
*MP 8.320 TO MP 8.464	*MP 8.320 TO MP 8.464	MP 8.320 TO MP 8.464
MP 0.080 TO MP 0.509	MP 0.080 TO MP 0.509	MP 0.080 TO MP 0.200
MP 0.768 TO MP 2.178	MP 0.768 TO MP 3.201	MP 0.350 TO MP 0.509
MP 2.405 TO MP 3.201	MP 3.428 TO MP 3.713	MP 0.768 TO MP 4.576
MP 3.428 TO MP 3.713	MP 4.110 TO MP 4.576	MP 14.281 TO MP 14.310
MP 4.110 TO MP 4.576	MP 14.281 TO MP 14.310	
MP 14.281 TO MP 14.310		

- ▶ Keep in mind, the locations may not end up where you thought they would be...
- ▶ Is it a critical location?



Example #2



REVISIONS			
DATE	DESCRIPTION	DATE	DESCRIPTION

STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		
ROAD NO.	COUNTY	FINANCIAL PROJECT ID

Forms

- ▶ Most FDOT forms require Stations to be used when they are filled out.
 - Equations within the form determine lengths
- ▶ This requires conversions to be made on any needed milepost from the plans
 - The addition of milepost equations makes it hard to do in the field
 - Mileposts are usually shown with three (3) decimals

Examples?

- ▶ Asphalt Daily Report of Quality Control
 - ▶ Asphalt Straightedge Report
 - ▶ Disposition of Defective Materials
 - ▶ Roadway As-built Data
 - ▶ Density Log Book
- 

Can't Mileposts just be entered instead?

- ▶ This project is required to have station boards
- ▶ **5-7.4 Specific Staking Requirements:**
For resurfacing and resurfacing-widening type projects, establish horizontal controls adequate to ensure that the asphalt mix added matches with the existing pavement. In tangent sections, set horizontal control points at 100 foot intervals by an instrument survey. In curve sections, set horizontal control points at 25 foot intervals by locating and referencing the centerline of the existing pavement.

▶ 5–7.4 Specific Staking Requirements: (cont)

For all projects, set a station identification stake at each right-of-way line at 100 foot intervals and at all locations where a change in right-of-way width occurs... For resurfacing and resurfacing/widening projects, set station identification stakes at 200 foot intervals.

(That's every 0.018939 or 0.037878 miles...)

What can be done?

- ▶ Acknowledge the original information error
 - ▶ Find known points or locations that can be called out on the plans
 - ▶ Determine types of work suitable for mileposts
- 

What did we learn?

- ▶ Additional Opportunity to Refine Construction Costs By Reducing Upfront Survey
 - ▶ Lack of Additional Survey Will Add Some Costs to Construction
 - ▶ Additional Coordination is Needed Between Construction Staff and the Contractor
 - ▶ They aren't for everything. Know the limitations of their use
- 

What questions can I answer for
you?

